Lesson 2-2 (Day 1) Linear Equations

Learning Objective: I can graph linear functions using the following methods:

- a table of values
- x- and y-intercepts
- a slope and y-intercept
- and a point and a slope.

I can find the x-&-y-intercepts of a line.

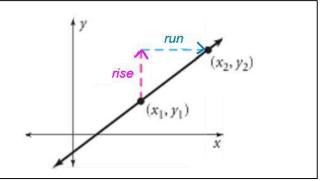
I can find the slope of a line through two points.

EQ: How many methods are there for graphing a Linear Equation? How do I graph using each method?

The Slope of a line passing through two points (x_1, y_1) , (x_2, y_2)

$$slope = \frac{rise}{run} = \frac{change\ in\ y}{change\ in\ x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

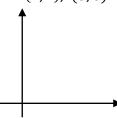
Note: slope is also called a rate of change and we tend to use the variable *m* to represent *slope*



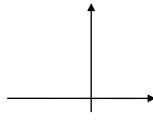
Ex.1. Finding Slope

Plot the points, then find the slope of the line that passes through the points

a)

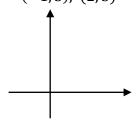


$$(-3,5), (2,1)$$

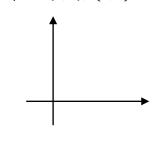


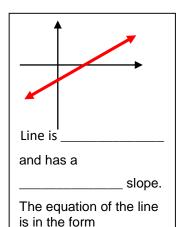
$$m = \overline{}$$

(-1,3), (2,3)



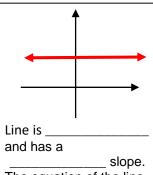
d) (2,3), (2,5)





Line is and has a

The equation of the line is in the form



The equation of the line is in the form

Line is and has a slope. The equation of the line is

in the form

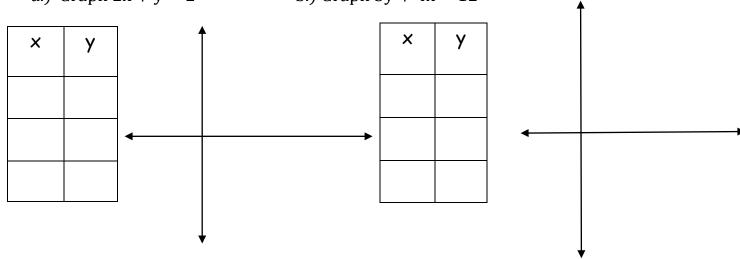
Methods for Graphing Linear Equations/Functions:

- Using a table of x and y values
- Using the x-and y-intercepts of a line. (x,0) & (0,y)
- Using the slope and y-intercept of a line. (y=mx + b)

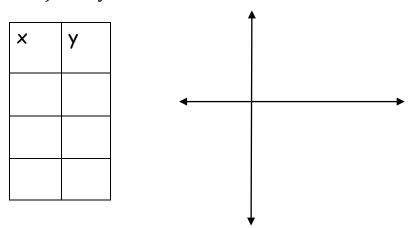
Ex. 2: Graphing Linear Equations

Graphing a Linear Equation using a table of values.

- a.) Graph 2x + y = 2
- b.) Graph 3y + 4x = 12



c.)
$$3x - y - 2 = 0$$



Short Summary #2:

Graph using x- and y- intercepts

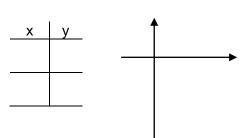
a.) 6x - y - 2 = 0

b.) 3y + 4x = 12

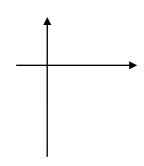
Steps:

- 1.Find the x-&-y intercepts of the equation.
- 2. Graph both intercepts.
- 3. Connect points to form a line.

- c) 2x + 3y = 12
- <u>x y</u> ______
- d) 3x 4y = 9



e) -4x + 2y = -8

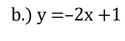


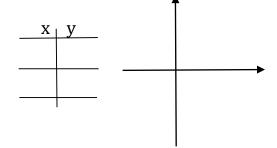
Short Summary #3:

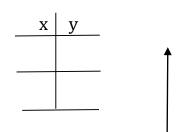
Ex. 4: Graphing Using Slope-Intercept Form

Use the Slope Intercept Form to graph the Linear Equation

a.)
$$y = \frac{3}{4}x - 2$$



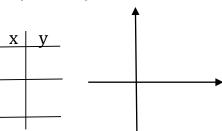




Steps:

- 1. Graph the y intercept on the y-axis.
- 2. To plot the second point, count the the rise over run starting from the y-intercept you graphed in step 1.
- 3. Connect the points to form a line.

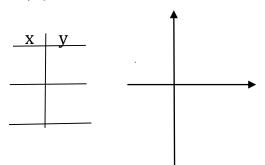
c.)
$$6x + 4y = -18$$



d.)
$$y = 5x + 3$$

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e)
$$y = 3x - 2$$



f.)
$$3x - 2y = -4$$

| I.) 3X – 25 | 7 = −4 | |
|-------------|--------|--|
| <u>x y</u> | | |
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Short Summary #4:

Ex. 5: Graphing Linear Equations When x or y is the only variable given. Graph the equation.

a.)
$$f(x) = -3$$

b.)
$$x = 4$$

c.)
$$y = 2$$

d.)
$$x = -1$$

e.)
$$f(x) = 5$$

Short Summary #5: