STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Stockton Unified School District Stockton, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stockton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Stockton Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stockton Unified School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This resulted in a restatement of the beginning governmental activities net position and the beginning aggregate remaining fund information fund balance totaling \$1,026,241. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 15, the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 60 to 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Stockton Unified School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditure of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 15, 2022 on our consideration of Stockton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Stockton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Stockton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California April 15, 2022



Management's Discussion and Analysis

An overview of the Stockton Unified School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is presented in this discussion and analysis of the District's financial position and performance.

This Management Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, including notes and supplementary information, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- At June 30, 2021, the total net position of the District was \$39.7 million, an increase of \$44.2 million from the prior year.
- Total government-wide revenue for the 2021 fiscal year was \$706.1 million. Expenditures totaled \$663.0 million. The difference of \$43.1 million accounts for the increase to the District's total net position, as well as the change from implementing Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, totaling \$1,026,241.
- Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by \$11.7 million during the year. This includes the completion of a number of projects previously in the Construction in Progress account.
- At June 30, long-term debt totaled \$1.2 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of the following parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, supplementary information and findings and recommendations. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The fund financial statements can be further broken down into three types:

- *Governmental funds statements*, which tell how basic services, such as regular and special education, were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary funds statements*, offering short and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like a business, such as the self-insurance fund.
- *Fiduciary funds statements*, providing information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the fiscal year.

The chart below summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

			Fund Statements	
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District, except fiduciary activities	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: self- insurance and retiree benefits.	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies.
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund Statement of Change in Net Position – Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short- term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities both short-term and long- term; Standard funds do not currently contain non-financial assets, though they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the change to the District's net position. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure financial health. Over time, increases or decreases to the net position indicate whether the District's financial condition is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors including the condition of the District's school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are reported as Governmental activities. Most of the District's services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Funding received from the State of California through the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF), along with special funding received from the federal and state governments, finance most of these activities. The LCFF will be discussed more fully later in this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that certain revenues have been properly used.

There are three types of funds that the District utilizes:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps in the determination of whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Proprietary funds* Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide statements.
 - Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District currently has one internal service fund – the self-insurance fund.
- *Fiduciary funds* The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The computation of District net position at June 30, 2021 and 2020 is presented by category in the table below:

	Government-Wide Activities					Year Over
		2021		2020	Ŋ	ear Change
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	379,742,202.00	\$	303,356,861.00	\$	76,385,341
Receivables		80,852,630.00		86,607,433.00	\$	(5,754,803)
Prepaid expenses		3,689,264.00		58,392.00	\$	3,630,872
Stores inventory		1,867,733.00		2,173,824.00	\$	(306,091)
Non-depreciable capital assets		137,679,869.00		147,470,288.00	\$	(9,790,419)
Capital assets, net of depreciation		569,428,949.00		547,910,587.00	\$	21,518,362
Total Assets		1,173,260,647.00		1,087,577,385.00	\$	85,683,262
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		160,449,199		172,941,864		(12,492,665)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		8,990,644		9,087,771		(97,127)
Deferred loss from refunding of debt		22,036,908		23,458,693		(1,421,785)
Total Deferred Outflows		191,476,751		205,488,328		(14,011,577)
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		46,126,642		45,478,990		647,652
Other current liabilities		25,193,275		17,034,151		8,159,124
Long-term liabilities		1,205,253,761		1,188,539,901		16,713,860
Total Liabilities		1,276,573,678		1,251,053,042		25,520,636
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		37,856,000		34,850,000		3,006,000
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		10,577,454		11,594,517		(1,017,063)
Total Deferred Inflows		48,433,454		46,444,517		1,988,937
Net Position						
Net investment in captial assets		330,292,745		253,091,009		77,201,736
Restricted		173,186,934		95,370,840		77,816,094
Unrestricted		(463,749,413)		(352,893,695)		(110,855,718)
Total net position	\$	39,730,266	\$	(4,431,846)	\$	44,162,112

Total assets and deferred outflows increased by a net \$71.7 million during the 2021 fiscal year. Of this total, cash and receivables increased by a net \$70.6 million and total capital assets increased by a net \$11.7 million. Deferred outflows of resources decreased by a net \$14 million. Capital assets are discussed in more detail later in this Management Discussion and Analysis report.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$27.5 million. Of this amount, accounts payable and other current liabilities increased by \$8.8 million, while long-term debt increased by \$16.7 million. Deferred inflows increased by \$2.0 million. Long-term debt is discussed in detail in a later section of this report.

The net increase to assets and deferred outflows of \$71.6 million, reduced by the increase of \$27.5 million to liabilities and deferred inflows, results in an increase to the District's net position at June 30, 2021 of approximately \$44.2 million.

A summary of total District revenues, expenses, and change in net position is presented in the table below.

	Government-Wide Activities					ar Over	
		2021		2020	Year Change		
Revenues - Program							
Charges for Services	\$	3,911,125	\$	3,184,994	\$	726,131	
Operating Grants and Contributions		244,957,014		156,287,508		88,669,506	
Capital Grants and Contributions		-		-		-	
Revenues - General							
Unrestricted Federal and State Aid		347,646,712		355,826,680		(8,179,968)	
Taxes Levied for General Purposes		66,164,832		59,782,050		6,382,782	
Taxes Levied for Debt Service		37,612,136		40,976,230		(3,364,094)	
Taxes Levied for Other Specific Purposes		2,397,695		2,002,719		394,976	
Interest and Investment Earnings		1,214,524		2,352,092		(1,137,568)	
Other General Revenues		2,203,889		5,549,987		(3,346,098)	
Total revenues		706,107,927		625,962,260		80,145,667	
Expenses							
Instruction		450,894,526		352,569,624		98,324,902	
Pupil and Instructional Services		97,306,582		180,874,227		(83,567,645)	
General Administration		17,692,775		19,467,495		(1,774,720)	
Plant Services		64,888,186		67,374,553		(2,486,367)	
Ancilliary Serv., Enterprise Activ., Other		1,953,123		-		1,953,123	
Outgo, and Interest on Long-Term Liab.		30,236,864		29,299,904		936,960	
Total Expenses		662,972,056		649,585,803		13,386,253	
Increase in Net Position		43,135,871		(23,623,543)		66,759,414	
Net Position, July 1, as restated for GASB 84		(3,405,605)		19,191,697		(22,597,302)	
Net Position, June 30		39,730,266		(4,431,846)		44,162,112	

For the 2020-21 fiscal year, total District revenues were \$706.1 million. Total District expenses were \$662.9 million. The difference, \$39.7 million, is an increase to net position at June 30, 2021.

A main source of revenue for the District is the State Aid portion of the Local Control Funding Formula, which is included in the Unrestricted Federal and State Aid total. These funds are based on Average Daily Attendance (ADA), the fractional proportion of the number of days a student attends school to the number of days the student is enrolled. Supplemental and Concentration grants, based on the percentage of English learners, free and reduced meal eligible students, and foster students, are also available through the LCFF.

Enrollment in Grades K-12, not including the District's dependent charter schools, decreased slightly during the 2020-21 year when compared with the prior school year. Enrollment at the end of the second school month was 35,313 students, a decrease of 170 students from the 2020-2021 year. When District charter school enrollment is included in the totals, enrollment decreased by 165 students.

Average Daily Attendance (ADA) also showed a decrease during the 2020-21 year. The ADA for the Second Principal Apportionment (P-2) period totaled 32,923, a decrease of 131 ADA from the prior fiscal year. The District is continuing to work to improve student attendance.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

At June 30, 2021 the District had twelve governmental funds reporting a combined fund balance of \$340.8 million, an increase of \$54.5 million over the prior year. Of these funds, eight had revenues which exceeded expenditures, and the remaining funds showed expenditures exceeding revenues. The following table details the fund balances of the individual governmental funds.

Governmental Funds – Fund Balance

Governmental Funds - Fund Balance	Funds - Fund Balance Fund Balance - June 30 ,						
		2021		2020	Year Change		
General Fund	\$	164,487,866	\$	137,508,470	\$	26,979,396	
Student Activity Fund	Ψ	842,363	Ŷ	107,000,170	\$	842,363	
Charter Schools Special Revenue Fund		28,984,235		21,534,021	\$	7,450,214	
Adult Education Fund		1,017,992		1,520,866	\$	(502,874)	
Child Development Fund		468,079		1,008,582	\$	(540,503)	
Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund		8,419,278		8,496,183	\$	(76,905)	
Deferred Maintenance fund		764,016		2,232,250	\$	(1,468,234)	
Building Fund		72,642,775		60,323,937	\$	12,318,838	
Capital Facilities Fund		6,483,443		6,085,296	\$	398,147	
Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects		8,635,315		9,444,420	\$	(809,105)	
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		32,170,033		26,114,592	\$	6,055,441	
Debt Service Fund		15,838,416		10,913,642	\$	4,924,774	
Totals	\$	340,753,811	\$	285,182,259	\$	55,571,552	

General Fund – Revenue and Expenditure Analysis

The table below displays unaudited actual General Fund revenue by major category for fiscal year 2021, along with the increase or decrease from fiscal year 2020 and breakdowns by percentage. The table does not include transfers in and other financing sources.

	General Fund								
	FY-2021 Actual	Percent Of Total	Increase (Decrease) from FY-2020	Percent Increase or (Decrease)					
Revenues:									
LCFF Sources	\$376,498,617	67.3%	\$1,834,092	0.49%					
Federal Revenue	86,798,042	15.5%	48,566,155	55.95%					
Other State Revenue	84,324,142	15.1%	8,887,914	10.54%					
Other Local Revenue	<u>12,219,103</u>	<u>2.2%</u>	<u>1,819,504</u>	14.89%					
Total Revenues	<u>\$559,839,904</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	\$61,107,665	10.92%					

Expenditures for the General Fund are reflected in the following table by major expenditure category. The table does not include Transfers Out and Other Financing Uses.

	General Fund							
	FY-2021		Percent	Increase (Decrease) from		Percent Increase or		
Expenditures:		Actual	Of Total		FY-2020	(Decrease)		
Expenditules.								
Certificated Salaries	\$	207,251,619	38.86%	\$	11,317,289	2.12%		
Classified Salaries		85,905,688	16.11%		3,174,806	0.60%		
Employee Benefits		154,404,149	28.95%		(1,372,677)	-0.26%		
Books and Supplies		38,495,217	7.22%		19,431,114	3.64%		
Services, Other Operating								
Expenses		40,596,183	7.61%		(9,203,409)	-1.73%		
Capital Outlay		5,281,414	0.99%		4,072,718	0.76%		
Other Outgo/Dir. Supp./								
Indirect Costs		1,338,462	0.25%		177,335	0.03%		
Total Expenditures	\$	533,272,732	100.00%	\$	27,597,176			

General Fund - Budgetary Highlights

The District's 2021 General Fund operating budget was adopted by the Governing Board in June of 2020. As adopted, budgeted revenues totaled \$447.4 million and budgeted expenditures totaled \$507.3 million. This resulted in a structural deficit of \$59.3 million. District reserves of \$100 million were able to absorb the budgeted deficit.

Several formal revisions were made to the budget during the year. These revisions fell into three main categories:

- Increases to both estimated income and appropriations due to the receipt of new grant awards or donations.
- The budgeting of carryover balances from prior years. It is District policy to not budget expenditure totals carried over from a prior year until after the unaudited actual balances for that year have been calculated.
- Increases in appropriations to prevent budget overruns.

Capital assets and outstanding debt at June 30, 2021 are analyzed on the next pages.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

	Government-V	nt-Wide Activities			
		2021		2020	
Land	\$	36,080,997	\$	36,080,997	
Improvement of Sites		8,772,224		9,438,395	
Buildings		550,363,377		531,583,028	
Equipment		10,293,348		6,889,164	
Construction in Progress		101,598,872		<u>111,389,291</u>	
Totals	\$	707,108,818	\$	695,380,875	

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

The table above reflects capital assets, net of depreciation, at June 30, 2021 and 2020. The District uses an asset capitalization threshold of \$50,000, except where federal funds are used to purchase the asset and then the capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Depreciation on each capitalized asset has been calculated using the straight-line method over applicable useful lives. Depreciation expense on completed assets totaled \$16.6 million for the 2020-21 fiscal year. The amount shown for Construction in Progress represents expenditures for projects currently in the construction phase. Depreciation is not taken on these assets until a project is completed.

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by \$11.7 million during the year. At the end of the 2020-21year, total funds expended on projects in the construction phase totaled \$101.6 million.

Further information regarding capital assets can be found in note 4 to the financial statements.

	Government-V	Vide Activities			
	2021		2020		
General Obligation Bonds, including Premiums	\$ 440,428,271	\$	460,241,532		
Accreted Interest	43,937,294		37,835,964		
Certificates of Participation, including Premiums	31,067,485		32,472,920		
Net Pension Liability	521,966,000		501,211,000		
Total OPEB Liability	145,017,095		133,467,099		
Compensated Absences	 2,167,616		2,445,386		
Total	\$ 1,184,583,761	\$	1,167,673,901		

Outstanding Debt at Year-End

At June 30, 2021, long-term debt totaled \$1.2 billion. This represents an increase of \$16.9 million over the prior year.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial presentation and contain more detailed information as to interest, principal, retirement amounts, and dates for future debt retirement.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The 2021-22 Stockton Unified School District budget has been developed with all components of the proposal presented by Governor Gavin Newsom in January of 2021 and any applicable May Revise and Adopted Budget adjustments.

In January of 2021, Governor Newsom's proposed State budget reflected the strong national and state economies which were in place. The budget called for a 3.84% compounded Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA), which equated to a proposed \$2 billion increase to the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). During Governor budget May revision, compounded COLA was expected to increase from 3.84% to 4.05% compounded COLA and "Mega Cola" of 5.07% in Fiscal Year 2021- 2022.

Item	Governor's Budget	May Revision
LCFF Funding Increase	\$ 2 Billion	\$3.2 Billion
2021-22 Statutory COLA	1.50%	1.70%
2021-22 Compounded COLA	3.84%	4.05%*
2021- 22 LCFF "Mega" COLA	N/A	5.07%

*Only the special education and community college funding formulas will receive the compound COLA

At the state level, the education funding plan centers on the Local Control Funding Formula. Base grants, allocated on grade spans for all students, and supplemental and concentration grants targeted to specific student groups, provide the main source of state revenue. Funding under the LCFF is designed to allow more flexibility for school leaders to determine, with input from parents and other local stakeholders, how the state funding will be used to improve student achievement and better assure that a student will graduate from high school and be college and career ready.

Besides providing more local control and local accountability, the LCFF emphasizes equity and provides additional funding for targeted disadvantaged students: English learners, students eligible to receive a free or reduced-price meal, or foster youth. Districts with these student groups receive a supplemental grant equal to 20 percent of the base grant for each eligible student, and a concentration grant equal to 50 percent of the base grant for targeted students exceeding 55 percent of a school district's total student enrollment.

Included as part of the LCFF is a requirement for school districts to develop, adopt, and then update on an annual basis a three-year Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) using a template adopted by the California Board of Education. The LCAP is required to identify annual goals, specific actions, and measure student progress across eight performance areas, including student academic achievement, school climate, student access to a broad curriculum, and parent engagement. Parent and public input is required in developing, revising, and updating the LCAP. The academic priorities of the LCAP must be aligned to the district's spending plan found in the annual budget. The District met with parents and the public, school personnel and bargaining units, and local civic leaders to develop the LCAP. After many meetings and several public hearings, the Governing Board adopted the District's LCAP in June of 2021.

An important consideration when preparing a budget, whether for the State of California or for a local school district, is the unstable nature of state revenues because of reliance on the top one percent of taxpayers, a group that is not growing, and on sales and income taxes for the marginal dollar, not the less volatile property tax. Add to that the possibility of an economic downturn, where the question is not if it will happen, but when. All of this points to the need for careful budgeting and management of available funds. For Stockton Unified, the assessment of present needs, balanced against the uncertainty of future revenue streams, will be imperative as the District plans the educational programs for our students.

The annual state appropriation provided to increase LCFF funding is the sole determinant of changes in school district LCFF revenues. As mentioned previously, the statutory COLA of 2.31% has not been funded and no additional revenue will be available for school districts for LCFF purposes.

The tables below show LCFF funding by grade span.

LCFF - Base Grant Entitlements - Target Funding

As designed, school districts receive a base grant allocation calculated by grade span: K-3, 4-6, 7-8, and 9-12.

Factors	G	Gr. K-3		Gr. 4-6		Gr. 7-8		r. 9-12
2020- 21 Base Grant per ADA	\$	7,702	\$	7,818	\$	8,050	\$	9,329
5.07% Mega Cola	\$	390	\$	396	\$	408	\$	473
2021- 22 Base Grant per ADA	\$	8,092	\$	8,214	\$	8,458	\$	9,802
1		-						

LCFF - K-3 CSR Adjustments - Target Funding

In addition to the base grant, school districts receive adjustments for class size reduction by grade span (GSA) at grades K-3 and grades 9-12. These adjustments are percentages of the base grant amounts, as shown in the following table.

Factors	Gr	. K-3	G	ar. 4-6	G	är. 7-8	G	r. 9-12
2021- 22 Base Grant per ADA	\$	8,092	\$	8,214	\$	8,458	\$	9,802
Adjustment Percentage (GSA)	\$	842	\$	-	\$	-	\$	255
2021- 22 Adjusted Base Grant per ADA	\$	8,934	\$	8,214	\$	8,458	\$	10,057

LCFF - Supplemental and Concentration Grants per ADA - Target Funding

Increases to supplemental and concentration grants are calculated based on the percentage of total enrollment accounted for by English learners, free and reduced meal (FRPM) program eligible students, and foster youth.

Factors	Gr.	K-3	Gr	. 4-6	Gr	. 7-8	Gr	. 9-12
2021- 22 Adjusted Base Grant per ADA	\$	8,934	\$	8,214	\$	8,458	\$	10,057
20% Supplemenatl Grant per ADA								
(Total UPP)	\$	1,787	\$	1,643	\$	1,692	\$	2,011
50% Concentration Grant per ADA								
(UPP Above 55%)	\$	4,467	\$	4,107	\$	4,229	\$	5,029

Other Education Items Included in the State Budget

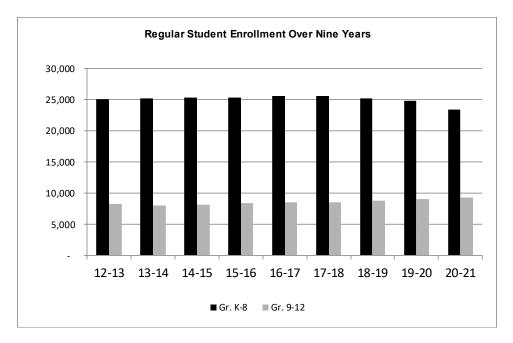
Other items in the state budget for allocation state-wide include:

- The Governor's May Revision proposes to apply the compounded COLA of 4.05% to special education funding
- 2021-22 provider reimbursement rates for General Child Care increased by the statutory 1.7% COLA
- Measures provided to retain essential staff and relieve pressure on local district budgets.

The critical assumptions used in preparing the District's 2021-22 General Fund budget in more detail below.

Student Enrollment and Enrollment Projections

One of the economic factors affecting the school District's future outlook and growth potential is enrollment. Enrollment represents the number of students registered to attend schools within the District's boundaries. Attendance represents those students actually coming to school each day, with revenue coming to the District based on the average daily attendance, or ADA. Additional revenue can be generated from average daily attendance when a greater number of students attend District schools. However, if enrollment is lower, the District receives less of this general purpose revenue. At the end of the second attendance month of the 2021-22 school year, enrollment in District schools, including charter schools, totals 34,225.



The graph below shows regular student enrollment over the last nine years.

In planning a viable budget, the preparation of accurate enrollment projections is critical. With student enrollment showing signs of growth, it becomes imperative to have accurate enrollment projections to staff for an adequate teacher corps, provide proper classroom facilities and order ample books and supplies to meet the needs of District students. Stockton Unified continues to be vigilant in monitoring and projecting student enrollment. Work continues to refine methods in projecting the expected enrollment to allow for better planning of the educational program and control over operational costs.

In summary, student enrollment is the lifeblood of the District. Stockton Unified continues to work to provide educational programs which stimulate student learning and allows the District to retain the current student population and attract additional students.

Salaries and Benefits

Salaries and benefits are subject to negotiations each year based on collective bargaining agreements. Most school districts negotiate based on "total compensation" which consists of salaries and benefits. Total compensation generally refers to increases in salaries and health benefits. The District anticipates that pressure to increase salary compensation and health benefits will continue over the next few years. Currently, the District allocates 89.0% of the General Fund expenditure budget, not including other financing sources and uses, toward salary and health benefit costs. The District controls salary costs in a number of ways, including monitoring and prioritizing the recruitment of authorized positions in the budget, issuing hiring freezes when necessary, and restricting the use of additional and overtime pay. The District will continue to use prudence in discussions with employee bargaining groups regarding the adjustment of employee salaries.

In addition, the District has to assume increases in expenses due to step and column changes. Stockton Unified is obligated to provide additional employee compensation for each bargaining unit contract which has additional experience (years worked) and/or additional education (post-secondary degree program) credits. The District is assuming a step and column cost increase for certificated staff of 1.46%. The assumed rate increase for classified staff for the 2021-22 year is 2.75%.

<u>Health Rates</u>

The cost of health care is expected to increase over the next few years. The District continues to work with the employee bargaining groups to explore ways of maintaining acceptable levels of health care at affordable costs. One way is through the use of "soft caps" to control the health care costs borne by the District and by individual employees. A maximum amount, or cap, is established for what the District pays towards health care coverage. Individual employees are responsible for paying the difference. These amounts are periodically adjusted to recognize increases in health care rates. This allows for a sharing of cost increases and provides the opportunity to evaluate ways of reducing costs while maintaining coverage levels.

Fund Balance

The fund balance represents yearly differences between revenues and expenditures. The operational results of the District either add to or reduce from the fund balance. Additionally, the fund balance is either unrestricted or restricted. An unrestricted fund balance means that unspent dollars are left to the District's discretion. On the other hand, restricted dollars are not left to the District's discretion and are restricted based on guidelines established by the State Department of Education.

Additionally, a "Reserve for Economic Uncertainties" for unforeseen emergencies is required of districts by the State Department of Education. The reserve for this Stockton Unified is based on 2% of the total General Fund expenditures. Setting aside a state required reserve means that the District has fewer dollars available for operational areas. It also means that a reserve balance is available if the District must address an unplanned financial situation. It is not anticipated that the state's "cap" on the amount a school district can reserve will be triggered during the 2021-22 year.

Conclusion

As the Stockton Unified School District approaches the 2021-22 school year, staff acknowledges that they have a formidable task facing them. Proper planning and foresight will be required for the District to balance financial resources with educational goals and objectives. School site staff, central office employees, and District administration are prepared to meet the goal of providing an educational program that will empower our students to gain the knowledge necessary to progress through life as informed and productive citizens.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our parents, citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Marcus Battle, Chief Business Official, Stockton Unified School District, 701 North Madison Street, Stockton, CA 95202.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables Prepaid expenses Stores inventory Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 4) Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	\$ 379,742,202 80,852,630 3,689,264 1,867,733 137,679,869 569,428,949
Total assets	1,173,260,647
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (Notes 9 and 10) Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (Note 7) Deferred loss from refunding of debt	160,449,199 8,990,644 22,036,908
Total deferred outflows	191,476,751
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Claims liability, current (Note 5) Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities: Claims liability, less current portion (Note 5) Due within one year (Note 6)	46,126,642 3,940,000 21,253,275 20,670,000 22,459,470
Due after one year (Note 6)	1,162,124,291
Total liabilities	1,276,573,678
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (Notes 9 and 10) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (Note 7)	37,856,000 10,577,454
Total deferred inflows	48,433,454
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	330,292,745
Legally restricted programs Capital projects Debt service Self-insurance Unrestricted	69,657,141 15,118,758 48,008,449 40,402,586 (463,749,413)
Total net position	\$ 39,730,266
	φ 33,730,200

			I	Program Revenue:	6	Net (Expense) Revenues and Change in <u>Net Position</u>
			Charges	Operating	Capital	
			for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses		Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$ 360,535,716	\$	420,855	\$ 143,800,473	\$-	\$ (216,314,388)
Instruction-related services:						
Supervision of instruction	49,155,002		66,226	22,854,987	-	(26,233,789)
Instructional library, media and						
technology	1,273,482		-	62,188	-	(1,211,294)
School site administration	39,930,326		8,072	5,173,893	-	(34,748,361)
Pupil services:						
Home-to-school transportation	14,811,331		102,297	1,272,068	-	(13,436,966)
Food services	21,443,833		-	19,720,923	-	(1,722,910)
All other pupil services	61,051,418		35,419	15,741,337	-	(45,274,662)
General administration:						· · · ·
Data processing	5,999,170		-	107,892	-	(5,891,278)
All other general administration	11,693,605		19,648	3,655,508	-	(8,018,449)
Plant services	64,888,186		24,407	9,316,693	-	(55,547,086)
Ancillary services	1,636,988		-	1,069,499	-	(567,489)
Community services	285,000		-	-	-	(285,000)
Enterprise activities	31,135		-	-	-	(31,135)
Interest on long-term liabilities	28,093,506		-	-	-	(28,093,506)
Other outgo	2,143,358		3,234,201	22,181,553	-	23,272,396
-						
Total governmental activities	\$ 662,972,056	\$	3,911,125	\$ 244,957,014	\$-	(414,103,917)
	General revenues					
	Taxes and sub		ons:			
			general purpo	202		66,164,832
	Taxes levied					37,612,136
			other specific	nurnoses		2,397,695
			•		0000	347,646,712
				ed to specific purp	0565	
	Interest and inv		-			1,214,524
	Interagency rev	/enu	es			357,651
	Miscellaneous					1,846,238
	Total gene	eral re	evenues			457,239,788
	Change in	net p	position			43,135,871
	Net Positic	on, Ju	ıly 1, 2020			(4,431,846)

 Cumulative effect of GASB 84 implementation
 1,026,241

 Net Position, July 1, 2020, as restated
 (3,405,605)

 Net position, June 30, 2021
 \$ 39,730,266

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	General <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and investments:				
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 134,759,618	\$ 77,821,303	\$ 87,150,654	\$ 299,731,575
Cash on hand and in banks	-	-	868,501	868,501
Cash in revolving fund	63,912	-	1,102	65,014
Cash with Fiscal Agent	1,704,267	-	10,945,634	12,649,901
Receivables	65,484,078	70,449	15,153,862	80,708,389
Prepaid expenditures	3,594,266	-	94,998	3,689,264
Due from other funds	8,650,921	-	7,375,751	16,026,672
Stores inventory	1,530,806	-	336,927	1,867,733
Total assets	\$ 215,787,868	\$ 77,891,752	\$ 121,927,429	\$ 415,607,049
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ES			
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 27,747,923	\$ 5,248,977	\$ 4,576,391	\$ 37,573,291
Unearned revenue	18,333,405	-	2,919,870	21,253,275
Due to other funds	5,218,674	-	10,807,998	16,026,672
Total liabilities	51,300,002	 5,248,977	18,304,259	74,853,238
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	5,188,984	-	433,027	5,622,011
Restricted	29,161,178	72,642,775	103, 190, 143	204,994,096
Assigned	29,800,000	-	-	29,800,000
Unassigned	100,337,704	-	-	100,337,704
5	,,			
Total fund balances	164,487,866	 72,642,775	103,623,170	340,753,811
Total liabilities and				
fund balances	\$ 215,787,868	\$ 77,891,752	<u>\$ 121,927,429</u>	\$ 415,607,049

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET – TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 340,753,811
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$1,005,257,165 and the accumulated depreciation is \$298,148,347 (Note 4).		707,108,818
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2021 consisted of (Note 6): General Obligation Bonds and premium Accreted interest Certificates of Participation and premium Net pension liability (Notes 9 and 10) Total OPEB liability (Note 7) Compensated absences	\$ (440,428,271) (43,937,294) (31,067,485) (521,966,000) (145,017,095) (2,167,616)	(1,184,583,761)
In the governmental funds, interest on long-term liabilities is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities. It is recognized in the period that it is occurred.		(6,994,485)
In governmental funds, deferred losses on refundings of debt are are categorized as deferred outflows and are amortized over the shortened life of the refunded or refunding of the debt.		22,036,908
In government funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relatin to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating the total OPEB liability and net pension liability are reported (Notes 7, 9 and 10).		
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB	\$ 160,449,199 8,990,644 (37,856,000) (10,577,454)	121.006.290
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which cost are charged to other funds. Assets and liabilities are reported within the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		40,402,586
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 39,730,266

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues:	General <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Local Control Funding				
Formula (LCFF): State apportionment Local sources	\$321,753,614 54,745,003	\$	\$ 24,354,258 	\$ 346,107,872 54,745,003
Total LCFF	376,498,617		24,354,258	400,852,875
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	86,798,042 84,324,142 12,219,103	- 30,045,229 484,703	27,640,721 17,530,210 49,991,829	114,438,763 131,899,581 62,695,635
Total revenues	559,839,904	30,529,932	119,517,018	709,886,854
Expenditures: Current:				
Certificated salaries	207,251,619	-	18,870,808	226,122,427
Classified salaries Employee benefits	85,905,688 154,404,149	-	11,851,419 17,615,612	97,757,107 172,019,761
Books and supplies	38,495,217	534,979	11,211,893	50,242,089
Contract services and	,,		,,	;;;
operating expenditures	40,596,183	274,151	3,084,754	43,955,088
Other outgo	1,338,462	-	804,896	2,143,358
Capital outlay	5,281,414	17,401,964	3,648,788	26,332,166
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest	-		18,515,000 18,254,546	18,515,000 18,254,546
Total expenditures	533,272,732	18,211,094	103,857,716	655,341,542
Excess of revenues over expenditures	26,567,172	12,318,838	15,659,302	54,545,312
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	1,226,489 (814,265)		1,884,265 (2,296,489)	3,110,754 (3,110,754)
Total other financing sources (uses)	412,224	<u>-</u>	(412,224)	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balances	26,979,396	12,318,838	15,247,078	54,545,312
Fund balances, July 1, 2020	137,508,470	60,323,937	87,349,851	285,182,258
Cumulative effect of GASB 84 implementation	-	-	1,026,241	1,026,241
Fund balance, July 1, 2020, as restated	137,508,470	60,323,937	88,376,092	286,208,499
Fund balances, June 30, 2021	\$ 164,487,866	\$ 72,642,775	\$ 103,623,170	\$340,753,811

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$ 54,545,312
Acquisition of capital assets is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but increases capital assets in the statement of net position (Note 4).	28,314,252
Depreciation of capital assets is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 4).	(16,586,309)
Repayment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but decreases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (Note 6).	18,515,000
In governmental funds, debt issued at a premium is recognized as other financing source. In the government-wide statements, debt issued at a premium is amortized as interest over the life of the debt (Note 6).	2,703,696
Losses on refundings of debt are categorized as deferred outflows and are amortized over the shortened life of the refunded of refunding of the debt.	(1,421,785)
Accreted interest is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 6).	(6,101,330)
In governmental funds, interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period that is becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period incurred.	(590,958)
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a cost recovery basis The change in net position for the Self-Insurance Fund was:	10,363,948
In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employers contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual	(40.000.000)
basis (Notes 7).	(10,630,060)

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs actual employer contributions was (Notes 6, 9 and 10):	\$ (36,253,665	5)
In governmental funds, expenditures are measured by the amounts of financial resources used. In the statement of activities, expenditures related to compensated absences are measured by the amount of financial resources used (Note 6).	277,770)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 43,135,871	

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND June 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash and investments:	
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 65,659,412
Cash with Fiscal Agent	767,270
Cash in Revolving Fund	529
Receivables	 144,241
Total current assets	 66,571,452
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,558,866
Claims liability, current	3,940,000
Total current liabilities	5,498,866
Claims liability, less current portion	20,670,000
	 20,070,000
Total liabilities	 26,168,866
NET DOSITION	
NET POSITION	
Restricted for self-insurance	\$ 40,402,586

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating revenue: Self-insurance premiums Other local revenues	\$ 22,196,633 403,067
Total operating expenses	22,599,700
Operating expenses: Classified Salaries Employee benefits Contract services	149,934 73,792 12,321,144
Total operating expenses	12,544,870
Operating income	10,054,830
Non-operating income: Interest income	309,118
Change in net position	10,363,948
Total net position, July 1, 2020	30,038,638
Total net position, June 30, 2021	\$ 40,402,586

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from self-insurance premiums Cash received from other local revenue Cash paid for employee benefits Cash paid for other expenses	\$	22,196,633 403,067 (4,150,483) (8,116,345)
Net cash provided by operating activities		10,332,872
Cash flows provided by investing activities: Interest income received		309,118
Increase in cash and investments		10,641,990
Cash and investments, July 1, 2020		55,785,221
Cash and investments, June 30, 2021	\$	66,427,211
Cash and investments, June 30, 2021 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	66,427,211
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by	\$	66,427,211 10,054,830
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	-	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Decrease in receivables	-	<u>10,054,830</u> 91,985
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	-	10,054,830
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Decrease in receivables	-	<u>10,054,830</u> 91,985

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION TRUST FUND June 30, 2021

	Scholarship <u>Trust</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash on hand and in bank (Note 2)	\$	787,542
NET POSITION		
Restricted for scholarships	\$	787,542

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION TRUST FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Deductions:	Scholarship <u>Trust</u>
Contract service and operating expenditures	\$ 3,761
Change in net position	(3,761)
Net position, July 1, 2020	791,303
Net position, June 30, 2021	\$ 787,542

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Stockton Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

<u>Reporting Entity</u>: The Board of Education is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education in the District. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board since Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, Stockton Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1 (the "CFD") and Stockton Unified School District Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") have a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100*, for inclusion of the CFD and the Corporation have been included in the basic financial statements of the District as a Blended Component Unit.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District, the CFD and the Corporation which satisfy Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100 criteria:

A - Manifestations of Oversight

- 1. The CFD's and Corporation's Board of Directors were appointed by the District's Board of Education.
- 2. The Corporation has no employees. The District's Superintendent and Chief Business Official function as agents of the Corporation. Neither individual received additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.
- 3. The District exercises significant influence over operations of the CFD and the Corporation as it is anticipated that the District will be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the CFD and the Corporation.

B - Accounting for Fiscal Matters

- 1. All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the CFD and the Corporation must have the consent of the District.
- Any deficits incurred by the CFD and the Corporation will be reflected in the lease payments of the District. Any surpluses of the CFD and the Corporation revert to the District at the end of the lease period.
- 3. It is anticipated that the District's lease payments will be the sole revenue source of the CFD and the Corporation.
- 4. The District has assumed a "moral obligation," and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the CFD and the Corporation.

C - Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation

- 1. The CFD and the Corporation were created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.
- 2. The CFD is a legally constituted governmental entity, established under the authority of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. The Corporation is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The CFD and the Corporation were formed to provide financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion the District intends to occupy all CFD and the Corporation facilities. When the CFD's and the Corporation's long-term liabilities have been paid with state reimbursements and the District's developer fees, title of all CFD and the Corporation property will pass to the District for no additional consideration.
- 3. The CFD's financial activity is presented in the financial statements as the Debt Service Fund. The Corporation's financial activity is presented in the financial statements as the Capital Facilities Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements: The basic financial statements include a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure and a focus on the major funds.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section (GASB Cod. Sec.) N50.118-.121.

Program revenues: Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses: The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

A - <u>Major Funds</u>

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Building Fund - The Building Fund is a capital project fund used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities by the District.

B - Other Funds

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. This classification includes the Student Activity, Charter School, Adult Education, Child Development, Cafeteria, and Deferred Maintenance Funds.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities by the District. This classification includes the Capital Facilities and Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Funds.

Debt Service Funds - The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. This classification includes the Bond Interest and Redemption and Debt Service Funds.

The Self-Insurance Fund is an Internal Service Fund type that is used to account for services rendered on a cost- reimbursement basis within the District. The Self-Insurance Fund is used to provide workers' compensation, property and general liability to employees of the District.

The Trust Fund is a Fiduciary Fund type that is used to account for assets held by the District as Trustee. This classification includes the Scholarship Trust Fund.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual</u>: Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Modified Accrual</u>: The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term liabilities, if any, is recognized when due.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: By state law, the Board of Education must adopt a final budget by July 1. A public hearing is conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Board of Education complied with these requirements.

<u>Receivables</u>: Receivables are made up principally of amounts due from the State of California. The District has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts was needed as of June 30, 2021.

<u>Stores Inventory</u>: Inventories in the General and Cafeteria Funds are valued at average cost. Inventory recorded in the General and Cafeteria Funds consists mainly of school supplies and consumable supplies. Inventories are recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are transferred from the warehouse to schools and offices.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets purchased or acquired, with an original cost of \$50,000 or more, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value for the contributed asset. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over 5 - 50 years depending on asset types.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods, and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has recognized a deferred outflow related to a deferred loss on refunding of the District's debt. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter life of the refunded or refunding debt. Also, the District has recognized a deferred outflow of resources related to the recognition of the total OPEB liability and net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized a deferred inflow of resources related to the recognition of the net pension liability and total OPEB liability.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) and Public Employers Retirement Fund B (PERF B) and additions to/deductions from STRP's and PERF B's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRP and PERF B. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Certain investments are reported at fair value. The following is a summary of pension amounts in the aggregate:

	<u>STRP</u>	PERF B		<u>Total</u>	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 114,452,925	\$	45,996,274	\$	160,449,199
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 37,856,000	\$	-	\$	37,856,000
Net pension liability	\$ 342,746,000	\$	179,220,000	\$	521,966,000
Pension expense	\$ 74,407,459	\$	39,139,685	\$	113,547,144

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences totaling \$2,167,616 are recorded as a liability of the District. The liability is for the earned but unused benefits.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave</u>: Sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expenditure or expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits for certain STRP and PERF B employees, when the employee retires.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Revenue from federal, state, and local special projects and programs is recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Funds received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

<u>Net Position</u>: Net position is displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent bond proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The restriction for legally restricted programs represents the portion of net position restricted to specific program expenditures. The restriction for debt service represents the portion of net position available for the retirement of debt. The restriction for capital projects represents the portion of net position restricted for capital projects. The restriction for self-insurance represents the portion of net position restricted for the District's self-insured activities. The restriction for scholarships represents the portion of net position first when allowable expenditures are incurred.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u>: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Sections 1300 and 1800, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800) implements a five-tier fund balance classification hierarchy that depicts the extent to which a government is bound by spending constraints imposed on the use of its resources. The five classifications, discussed in more detail below, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

A - Nonspendable Fund Balance:

The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form, such as revolving fund cash, prepaid expenditures and stores inventory.

B - Restricted Fund Balance:

The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These are the same restrictions used to determine restricted net position as reported in the government-wide and fiduciary trust fund statements.

C - Committed Fund Balance:

The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Formal action by the Board of Education is required to remove any commitment from any fund balance. At June 30, 2021, the District had no committed fund balances.

D - Assigned Fund Balance:

The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the District's Board of Education has approved to be used for specific purposes, based on the District's intent related to those specific purposes. The Board of Education can designate personnel with the authority to assign fund balances. At June 30, 2021 the Board of Education has designated the Chief Business Official with the authority to assign fund balances.

E - Unassigned Fund Balance:

In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In any fund other than the General Fund, a positive unassigned fund balance is never reported because amounts in any other fund are assumed to have been assigned, at least, to the purpose of that fund. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Fund Balance Policy</u>: The District has an expenditure policy relating to fund balances. For purposes of fund balance classifications, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balances (if any), assigned fund balances and lastly unassigned fund balances.

While GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do not require districts to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization arrangement, GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements, if they have been adopted by the Board of Education. At June 30, 2021, the District has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Joaquin bills and collects taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

<u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

<u>Eliminations and Reclassifications</u>: In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

<u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>: In January 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities (GASB 84). The principal objective of this Statement is to enhance the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting by state and local governments. The provisions in GASB 84 were effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Based on the implementation of GASB 84, the District restated its beginning governmental activities net position, as well as the beginning fund balance of aggregate remaining fund information, for a total of \$1,026,241. The restatement was the resulting effect of removing the District's Student Activity Funds as an Agency Fund and adding as a Special Revenue Fund within the aggregate remaining fund information of the District. Under GASB 84, the Student Activity Funds no longer qualified as an Agency Fund.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2021 are reported at fair value and consisted of the following:

	Go			
	Governmental	Proprietary		Fiduciary
	Funds	Fund	<u>Total</u>	Activities
Pooled Funds:				
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 299,731,575	\$ 65,659,412	\$ 365,390,987	\$-
Deposits:				
Cash on hand and in banks	868,501	-	868,501	787,542
Cash in revolving fund	65,014	529	65,543	-
Investments:				
Cash with Fiscal Agent	12,649,901	767,270	13,417,171	
Total cash and cash				
investments	\$ 313,314,991	\$ 66,427,211	\$ 379,742,202	\$ 787,542

<u>Pooled Funds</u>: In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Joaquin County Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

<u>Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>: The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's accounts was \$1,721,586 and the bank balance was \$1,846,075. Total uninsured bank balances were \$1,596,075.

<u>Investments</u>: The Cash with Fiscal Agent in the Governmental Funds represents debt proceeds that have been set aside for capital projects and the repayment of long-term liabilities. These amounts are held by a third-party custodian in the District's name as cash held in banks.

The Cash with Fiscal Agent in the Proprietary Fund represents cash segregated for the future payment of self-insured benefits. These amounts are held by a third-party custodian in the District's name as cash held in banks.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2021, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2021, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

(Continued)

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Transactions between funds of the District are recorded as transfers, except for the Self-Insurance Fund activity which is recorded as income and expenditures of the Self-Insurance Fund and the funds which incur payroll costs, respectively. The unpaid balances at year end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds.

Interfund Receivables/Payables: Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Fund	<u>R</u>	Interfund eceivables		Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Major Fund:	¢	8 650 004	۴	E 040 674
General	\$	8,650,921	\$	5,218,674
Non-Major Funds:				
Charter School		799,117		3,518,825
Adult Education		-		36,047
Child Development		43,017		41,640
Cafeteria		3,071,710		1,344,296
Deferred Maintenance		6,917		-
Capital Facilities		500,000		-
Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects		814,990		3,727,190
Bond Interest and Redemption		-		2,140,000
Debt Service Fund		2,140,000		-
Totals	\$	16,026,672	\$	16,026,672

<u>Transfers</u>: Transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

Transfers for the 2020-2021 fiscal year were as follows:

Transfer from the Charter School Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	\$ 1,344
Transfer from the Adult Education Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	158,685
Transfer from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	557,125
Transfer from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	509,335
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund to set aside reserves for the Lakeside School Project.	814,265
Transfer from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund to the Debt Service Fund for the annual sinking fund deposit.	 1,070,000
	\$ 3,110,754

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021 is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2020		Transfers and Additions		Transfers and Deductions		Balance June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities							
Non-depreciable:							
Land	\$ 36,080,997	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,080,997
Work-in-process	111,389,291		23,958,913		(33,749,332)		101,598,872
Depreciable:							
Buildings	787,237,613		33,749,332		-		820,986,945
Site improvements	16,135,750		-		-		16,135,750
Equipment	 26,099,262		4,355,339		-		30,454,601
Totals, at cost	 976,942,913		62,063,584		(33,749,332)		1,005,257,165
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	(255,654,585)		(14,968,983)		-		(270,623,568)
Site improvements	(6,697,355)		(666,171)		-		(7,363,526)
Equipment	 (19,210,098)		(951,155)		-		(20,161,253)
Total accumulated							
depreciation	 (281,562,038)		(16,586,309)		-		(298,148,347)
Capital assets, net	\$ 695,380,875	\$	45,477,275	\$	(33,749,332)	\$	707,108,818

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Home-to-school transportation Food services All other general administration Centralized data processing Plant services	\$ 15,910,694 297,707 178,057 95,492 52,348 52,011
Total depreciation expense	\$ 16,586,309

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT/CLAIMS LIABILITIES

The District has established a Self-Insurance Fund to account for employee vision benefits, employee dental benefits and workers' compensation plans. The employee vision and dental plans are self-insured and contracted with a third-party administrator for benefits processing. Until July 31, 1998 and from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2005, the workers' compensation plan provided coverage up to \$250,000 and purchased excess insurance for claims over the retained coverage limit. Between August 1, 1998 and June 30, 2001, and from July 1, 2005 onward, the District purchased insurance for the workers' compensation coverage.

The liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses represents the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. These claims will be paid in future years.

District management recomputes the liability annually using available updated claims data. Every three years, the District contracts with an actuary who performs an actuarial study using a variety of statistical techniques to produce current estimates that consider claim frequency and other economic factors. The last actuarial studies for the District's self-insured programs were completed as of June 30, 2021. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are as follows:

	June 30, <u>2020</u>	June 30, <u>2021</u>
Unpaid claim and claim adjustment expenses, beginning of year	\$ 24,896,000	\$ 24,548,000
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	5,023,726	3,988,757
Total payments	 (5,371,726)	 (3,926,757)
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at the end of the year	\$ 24,548,000	\$ 24,610,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>: On December 17, 2009, the District issued Election of 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, Qualified School Construction Bonds (2008 Series B), totaling \$16,040,000. The bonds bear interest at a rate of 2.19% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2026.

On July 22, 2010, the District issued Election of 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C, Qualified School Construction Bonds (2008 Series C), totaling \$14,930,000. The bonds bear coupon rates from 5.17% to 7.08% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2028.

On June 2, 2011, the District issued Election of 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series D (2008 Series D), totaling \$56,146,497. The 2008 Series D Bonds were issued as Capital Appreciation Bonds, with interest compounding on February 1 and August 1, to maturity. The 2008 Series D Bonds were partially refunded by the issuance of the 2014A Refunding and 2014B Refunding. All of the refunded maturities have been fully repaid. The remaining 2008 Series D Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 5.89% to 7.72% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2051.

Also on June 2, 2011, the District concurrently issued 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (2011 Refunding), totaling \$14,175,000. The 2011 Refunding was issued to refund certain maturities of the District's Series 2001 and Series 2003 General Obligation Bonds and to pay cost of issuance of the Refunding Bond. The 2011 Refunding bears interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%, and although the original maturity was scheduled through July 1, 2022, the District makes principal payments on or before June 30 of each year effectively prepaying the debt service obligation by 1 year.

On November 6, 2012, the District issued 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (2012 Refunding), totaling \$43,570,000. The 2012 Refunding was issued to refund the remaining maturities of the District's Series 2001, Series 2003 and Series 2004 General Obligation Bonds. The 2012 Refunding bears interest at rates from 3.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2029.

On March 6, 2014, the District issued Election of 2012 General Obligation Bonds, Series A (2012 Series A), totaling \$65,000,000. The 2012 Series A bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2043.

On September 11, 2014, the District issued Series 2014A General Obligation Refunding Bonds (2014 A Refunding). totaling \$35,620,000. The 2014A Refunding was issued to refund certain maturities of the District's Series 2008 D General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bonds. The 2014A Refunding bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2040.

On December 17, 2015, the District issued Election of 2012 General Obligation Bonds, Series B (2012 Series B), totaling \$30,000,000. The 2012 Series B bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2041.

On February 2, 2016, the District issued 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (2016 Refunding), totaling \$128,285,000. The 2016 Refunding was issued to refund all outstanding maturities of the District's Series 2006 and Series 2007 GO bonds, and the 2008 Series A GO Bonds. The 2016 Refunding bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2033.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

On October 23, 2018, the District issued Election of 2012 General Obligation Bonds, Series C (2012 Series C), totaling \$61,000,000. The 2012 Series C bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.75% to 5.00% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2044.

Also on October 23, 2018, the District issued Election of 2014 General Obligation Ed-Tech Bonds, Series B (2014 Series B), totaling \$9,760,000. The 2014 Series B bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% and are scheduled to mature through fiscal year 2022.

On November 19, 2019, the District issued Election of 2018, Series A General Obligation Bonds totaling \$30,000,000. The Bonds were issued as GO Reauthorization Bonds and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.5% to 5.0%, maturing through August 2046.

A summary of General Obligation Bonds payable as of June 30, 2021 follows:

	Interest	Maturity	Balance	Current Year	Matured	Balance
Series	Rate %	Date	<u>July 1, 2020</u>	Issuance	Current Year	June 30, 2021
2008 Series B	2.19%	2026	\$ 16,040,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 16,040,000
2008 Series C	5.17-7.08%	2028	10,095,000	-	1,195,000	8,900,000
2008 Series D	5.89-7.72%	2051	43,622,363	-	-	43,622,363
2011 Refunding Bonds	2.00-5.00%	2022	1,165,000	-	1,165,000	-
2012 Refunding Bonds	3.00-5.00%	2029	30,965,000	-	2,405,000	28,560,000
2012 Series A	3.00-5.00%	2043	58,785,000	-	260,000	58,525,000
2014A Refunding Bonds	4.00-5.00%	2040	35,620,000	-	510,000	35,110,000
2012 Series B	3.00-5.00%	2041	23,900,000	-	460,000	23,440,000
2016 Refunding Bonds	2.00-5.00%	2033	114,285,000	-	5,805,000	108,480,000
2012 Series C	3.75-5.00%	2044	58,000,000	-	700,000	57,300,000
2014 Series B	4.00-5.00%	2022	6,660,000	-	3,400,000	3,260,000
2018 Series A	2.50-5.00%	2047	30,000,000		1,400,000	28,600,000
Total			\$ 429,137,363	\$	\$ 17,300,000	<u>\$ 411,837,363</u>

The annual requirements to amortize the General Obligation Bonds Payable and outstanding as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
<u>Julie 30,</u>	ппыра	Interest		Total
2022	\$ 18,750,000	\$	16,351,090	\$ 35,101,090
2023	16,830,000		15,455,019	32,285,019
2024	16,586,028		15,082,735	31,668,763
2025	18,121,369		14,741,112	32,862,481
2026	35,630,308		13,794,221	49,424,529
2027-2031	96,259,289		74,103,527	170,362,816
2032-2036	77,726,517		79,225,155	156,951,672
2037-2041	68,763,151		69,992,752	138,755,903
2042-2046	39,763,454		68,919,983	108,683,437
2047-2051	 23,407,247		68,129,559	 91,536,806
	\$ 411,837,363	\$	435,795,153	\$ 847,632,516

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Certificates of Participation (COPs)</u>: In February 2018, the District issued Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$30,270,000 with interest rates from 4.00% to 5.00%, maturing on February 1, 2036. The proceeds of 2018 Certificates were used to provide funds to refund the 2007 Certificates.

Scheduled payments for the COPs are as follows:

Year Ending		
<u>June 30,</u>	Payments Payments	
2022	\$ 2,619,000	
2023	2,615,000	
2024	2,618,000	
2025	2,612,500	
2026	2,613,750	
2027-2031	13,089,250	
2032-2036	12,293,750	
Total payments	38,461,250	
Less amount representing interest	(11,681,250))
Net present value of minimum payments	\$ 26,780,000	

<u>Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities:</u> A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021 is shown below:

		Balance					Balance	Amounts Due Within
	<u>J</u>	uly 1, 2020	Additions		Deductions	J	une 30, 2021	One Year
<u>Debt:</u>								
General Obligation Bonds	\$	429,137,363	\$ -	\$	17,300,000	\$	411,837,363	\$ 18,750,000
General Obligation Bonds								
Premium		31,104,169	-		2,513,261		28,590,908	2,229,655
Accreted interest		37,835,964	6,101,330		-		43,937,294	-
Certificates of Participation		27,995,000	-		1,215,000		26,780,000	1,280,000
Certificates of Participation								
Premium		4,477,920	-		190,435		4,287,485	199,815
Other long-term liabilities								
Net pension liability								
(Notes 9 and 10)		501,211,000	22,911,000		2,156,000		521,966,000	-
Total OPEB liability (Note 7)		133,467,099	11,549,996		-		145,017,095	-
Compensated absences		2,445,386	 	_	277,770		2,167,616	
	<u>\$</u> 1,	167,673,901	\$ 40,562,326	\$	23,652,466	\$	1,184,583,761	\$ 22,459,470

Payments on the General Obligation Bonds are made from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Payments on the Certificates of Participation are made from the Capital Facilities Fund. Payments on the total OPEB liability, net pension liability and for compensated absences are made from the fund for which the related employee worked.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u>: In addition to the pension benefits described in Notes 9 and 10, the District provides a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan to all employees who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 with at least 10 years of service, in accordance with contracts between the District and employee groups. Benefits are provided for retirees age 55 to 65. The District pays up to \$1,095 per month for health benefits of retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis. The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

The Stockton Unified School District's Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the District. The Plan, which is administered by the District, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under the District's retirement plan to continue medical, dental and vision coverage as a participant in the District's plan. The District's Governing Board has the authority to establish or amend the benefit terms offered by the Plan. The District's Governing Board also retains the authority to establish the requirements for paying the Plan benefits as they come due. As of June 30, 2021 the District has not accumulated assets in a qualified trust for the purpose of paying the benefits related to the District's Total OPEB Liability.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms: The following is a table of plan participants at June 30, 2021:

	Number of Participants
Inactive Plan members, covered spouses, or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	606
Active Employees	3,214
	3,820

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the District are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits.

<u>Contributions</u>: California Government Code specifies that the District's contribution requirements for covered employees are established and may be amended by the Governing Board. Retirees participating in the group insurance plans offered by the District are required to contribute 100% of the active premiums. In future years, contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as premiums. The District's premium rates being charged to these retirees are lower than the expected cost for a retiree population under age 65. Thus, an implicit subsidy exists as a result of this difference between the actual cost and the true retiree cost.

Contributions to the Plan from the District were \$2,433,054 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB plan.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Mortality Rate	2020 CaISTRS Mortality for Certificated Employees. 2017 CaIPERS Mortality for others.
Discount Rate as of June 30, 2021	2.16%. Based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index.
Retirement Rate	Retirement rates march rates developed in The most recent experience studies for California PERS (2017) and California STRS (2020).
Inflation Rate	2.75% per year
Salary Increases	2.75% per year
<u>Spouse Coverage</u>	80% of retirees are assumed to be married at retirement. After retirement, the percentage married is adjusted to reflect mortality. Female spouses are assumed to be three years younger than male.
<u>Medicare Coverage</u>	All current and future participating retirees and spouses will qualify for Medicare coverage and enroll in Parts A and B upon , age 65.
Participation Rates	Of current and future participating retirees under Age 65, 90% are expected to participate in the Plan. 70% of employees are expected to participate in Medicare upon reaching age 65.
<u>Costs for Retiree Coverage</u>	Retiree liabilities are based on actual retiree premiums plus an implicit rate subsidy of 72.7% of non-Medicare medical premium. Liabilities for active participants vary and are based on the first costs adjusted for an implicit rate subsidy. Subsequent years' costs are based on first year costs adjusted for trend and limited by any District contribution caps.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

		Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>
Balance at July 1, 2020	\$	133,467,099
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		10,148,926
Interest		3,021,151
Benefit payments		(2,433,054)
Changes in assumptions	_	812,973
Net change	_	11,549,996
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	145,017,095

The change of assumptions in the June 30, 2021 measurement included a change in the discount rate from 2.20% in the prior valuation, to 2.16% in the current valuation.

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>(1.16%)</u>	<u>Rate (2.16%)</u>	<u>(3.16%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	<u>\$ 166,550,01</u>	<u> \$ 145,017,095</u>	<u>\$ 127,343,612</u>

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>: The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Healthcare Cost	1%
	Decrease	Trend Rates	Increase
	<u>(3.0%)</u>	<u>Rate (4.0%)</u>	<u>(5.0%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 122,255,880	\$ 145,017,095	\$ 174,687,545

NOTE 7 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$13,063,114.

At June 30, 2021 the District reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

		Deferred		Deferred
	(Duflows of		Inflows of
	<u>F</u>	Resources	-	<u>Resources</u>
Changes in assumptions	\$	8,990,644	\$	-
Difference between actual and expected experience		-		10,577,454
	\$	8,990,644	\$	10,577,454

The changes in assumptions and differences in actual and expected experience will be recognized into OPEB expense as follows:

<u>June 30,</u>	
2022	\$ (106,963)
2023	\$ (106,963)
2024	\$ (106,963)
2025	\$ (106,963)
2026	\$ (106,963)
Thereafter	\$ (1,051,995)

NOTE 8 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balances, by category, at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

					All	
	Gene	ral	Building		Non-Major	
	Fun	<u>d</u>	Fund		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable:						
Revolving cash fund	\$	53,912	\$ -	\$	1,102	\$ 65,014
Prepaid expenditures	3,5	94,266	-		94,998	3,689,264
Stores inventory	1,5	30,806	 -		336,927	 1,867,733
Subtotal nonspendable	5,1	38,984	 -		433,027	 5,622,011
Restricted:						
Legally restricted:						
Grants	29,1	51,178	-		-	29,161,178
Charter schools		-	-		28,888,655	28,888,655
Cafeteria		-	-		8,082,351	8,082,351
Deferred maintenance		-	-		764,016	764,016
Other programs		-	-		2,327,914	2,327,914
Capital projects		-	72,642,775		15,118,758	87,761,533
Debt service		-	 -		48,008,449	 48,008,449
Subtotal restricted	29,1	61,178	 72,642,775	_	103,190,143	 204,994,096
Assigned:						
Reserve for future deficit spending	18,5	00,000	-		-	18,500,000
Reserved for Declining Enrollment	10,0	00,000	-		-	10,000,000
One time-lottery carryover	1,3	00,000	 <u> </u>			 1,300,000
Subtotal assigned	29,8	00,000	 			 29,800,000
Unassigned:						
Designated for						
economic uncertainty	100,3	37,704	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	 100,337,704
Total fund balances	<u>\$ 164,4</u>	37,866	\$ 72,642,775	\$	103,623,170	\$ 340,753,811

General Information about the State Teachers' Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided with pensions through the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established this plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plans may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.calstrs.com/comprehensive-annual-financial-report.

Benefits Provided: The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit (DB) Program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas which are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, up to the 2.4 percent maximum.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on a one-year final compensation for members who retired on or after January 1, 2001, with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with less than 25 years of credited service if the employer elected to pay the additional benefit cost prior to January 1, 2014. One-year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months calculated by taking the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a fulltime basis, for a position in which the person worked. For members with less than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any 36 consecutive months of credited service.

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for 36 consecutive months of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

In June 2019, California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90) was signed into law and appropriated approximately \$2.2 billion in fiscal year 2018–19 from the state's General Fund as contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employers. The bill required portions of the contribution to supplant the amounts remitted by employers such that the amounts remitted will be 1.03 and 0.70 percentage points less than the statutorily required amounts due for fiscal years 2019–20 and 2020–21, respectively. The remaining portion of the contribution is allocated to reduce the employers' share of the unfunded actuarial obligation of the Defined Benefit Program.

California Assembly Bill 84, Chapter 16, Statutes of 2020, (AB 84) was signed into law in June 2020 and revised certain provisions of Teachers' Retirement Law enacted by SB 90. Specifically, AB 84 repurposed the aforementioned \$1.6 billion contribution originally intended to reduce employers' long-term liabilities, to further supplant employer contributions through fiscal year 2021–22. Pursuant to AB 84, employers will remit contributions to CalSTRS based on a rate that is 2.95 percent less than the statutory rate for fiscal year 2020–21 and 2.18 percent less than the rate set by the board for fiscal year 2021–22. Any remaining amounts must be allocated to reduce the employers' share of the unfunded actuarial obligation of the DB Program. The rate reduction for fiscal year 2019-20 under SB 90 was not changed by AB 84. The employer contribution rates set in statute and the board's authority to adjust those rates starting in fiscal year 2021–22 under the CalSTRS Funding Plan were not changed by the passage of SB 90 or AB 84.

In addition, the board's rate-setting authority for the state contribution rate was suspended for fiscal year 2020–21 by AB 84. Although the board exercised its authority in May 2020 to increase the state contribution rate by 0.50 percent effective July 1, 2020, the rate increase did not go into effect. Instead, the state rate remained at the 2019–20 level of 7.828 percent.

A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the DB Program pursuant to the CalSTRS Funding Plan, SB 90 and AB 84, are as follows:

Members - Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.25 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2020-2021.

Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, members contribute 50 percent of the normal cost of their retirement plan, which resulted in a contribution rate of 10.205 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2020-2021. According to current law, the contribution rate for CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is adjusted if the normal cost increases or decreases by more than 1percent since the last timethe member contribution rate was set. Based on the June 30, 2019, valuation adopted by the board in May 2020, the increase in normal cost was less than 1percent.Therefore, the contribution rate for CalSTRS 2% at 62 members did not change effective July 1, 2020.

Employers – 16.15 percent of applicable member earnings. This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 19.10 percent resulting from the CalSTRS Funding Plan, and subsequently reduced for the 2.95 percentage points to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90 and AB 84.

The CalSTRS Funding Plan, which was enacted in June 2014 with the passage of California Assembly Bill (AB) 1469, required that employer contributions will increase from 8.25 percent to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased in over seven years starting in 2014. The legislation gave the CalSTRS board limited authority to adjust employer contribution rates from July 1, 2021 through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation related to service credited to members prior to July 1, 2014. The CalSTRS board cannot adjust the rate by more than 1 percent in a fiscal year, and the total contribution rate in addition to the 8.25 percent cannot exceed 12 percent.

The CalSTRS employer contribution rates effective for fiscal year 2020-2021 through fiscal year 2046-47 are summarized in the table below:

Effective <u>Date</u>	Base <u>Rate</u>	Supplemental Rate Per CalSTRS <u>Funding Plan</u>	Rate Adjustment Per Special <u>Legislation</u>	<u>Total</u>
July 1, 2020	8.250%	10.850%	(2.950%)	16.150%
July 1, 2021	8.250%	10.850%	(2.180%)	16.920%
July 1, 2022 to				
June 30, 2046	8.250%	(1)	N/A	(1)
July 1, 2046	8.250%	Increase from AB	1469 rate ends in 2	2046-47

(1) The CalSTRS Funding Plan authorizes the board to adjust the employer contribution rate up or down by up to 1% each year, but no higher than 20.250% total and no lower than 8.250%.

The District contributed \$34,065,925 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

State – 10.328 percent of the members' calculated based on creditable compensation from two fiscal years prior.

The state's base contribution to the DB Program is calculated based on creditable compensation from two fiscal years prior. As a result of the CalSTRS Funding Plan, the state is required to make additional contributions to pay down the unfunded liabilities associated with the benefit structure that was in place in 1990 prior to certain enhancements in benefits and reductions in contributions. The additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specified in subdivision (b) of Education Code section 22955.1. The increased contributions end as of fiscal year 2045–46. Pursuant to AB 84, the state contribution rate remained at 5.811% for fiscal year 2020-21.

The CalSTRS state contribution rates effective for fiscal year 2020-21 and beyond are summarized in the table below.

<u>Effective</u> <u>Date</u>	Base <u>Rate</u>	Supplemental Rate Per CalSTRS <u>Funding Plan</u>	SBMA <u>Funding</u> ⁽¹⁾	<u>Total</u>
July 01, 2020	2.017%	5.811%	2.50%	10.328%
July 01, 2021	2.017%	6.311%	2.50%	10.828%
July 01, 2022 to				
June 30, 2046	2.017%	(2)	2.50%	(2)
July 01, 2046	2.017%	(3)	2.50%	(3)

(1) The SBMA contribution rate excludes the \$72 million that is reduced from the required contribution in accordance with Education Code section 22954.

(2) The board has limited authority to adjust the state contribution rate annually through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation. The board cannot increase the supplemental rate by more than 0.5% in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, the supplemental contribution rate imposed would be reduced to 0%.

(3) From July 1, 2046, and thereafter, the rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated, if necessary, to address any remaining unfunded actuarial obligation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 342,746,000 187,308,000
Total	\$ 530,054,000

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school districts and the State. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.354 percent, which was a decrease of 0.028 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$74,407,459 and revenue of \$24,844,280 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows <u>f Resources</u>	 erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 605,000	\$ 9,666,000
Changes of assumptions	33,423,000	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments	8,142,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	38,217,000	28,190,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	 34,065,925	 -
Total	\$ 114,452,925	\$ 37,856,000

\$34,065,925 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 6,683,383
2023	\$ 15,251,383
2024	\$ 16,474,383
2025	\$ 7,955,717
2026	\$ (454,533)
2027	\$ (3,379,333)

Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in proportion are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% simple for DB, maintain 85%
	Purchasing power level for DB, not
	applicable for DBS/CBB

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent, which was unchanged from the prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Mortality</u>: CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process.

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the CalSTRS board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term* Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Public Equity	42%	4.8%
Real Estate Assets	15	3.6
Private Equity	13	6.3
Fixed Income	12	1.3
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10	1.8
Inflation Sensitive	6	3.3
Cash / Liquidity	2	(0.4)

* 20-year geometric average

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(6.10%)</u>		Current Discount <u>Rate (7.10%)</u>		1% Increase <u>(8.10%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 517,841,000	\$	342,746,000	\$	198,180,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 10 – NET PENSION LIABILITY – PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B

General Information about the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B

<u>Plan Description</u>: The schools cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Plan membership consists of non-teaching and non-certified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to non-teaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at

https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2020.pdf.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit plans are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years (10 years for State Second Tier members) of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit pension plans are funded by contributions from members and employers, and earnings from investments. Member and employer contributions are a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law and depend on the respective employer's benefit formulas. Employer contribution rates are determined by periodic actuarial valuations or by state statute. Actuarial valuations are based on the benefit formulas and employee groups of each employer. Employer contributions, including lump sum contributions made when districts first join PERF B, are credited with a market value adjustment in determining contribution rates.

The required contribution rates of most active plan members are based on a percentage of salary in excess of a base compensation amount ranging from zero dollars to \$863 monthly.

Required contribution rates for active plan members and employers as a percentage of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Members - The member contribution rate was 7.0 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2020-21.

Employers - The employer contribution rate was 20.70 percent of applicable member earnings.

The District contributed \$18,383,274 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$179,220,000 or its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school districts. At June 30, 2020 the District's proportion was 0.584 percent, which was an increase of 0.048 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 10 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$39,139,685. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	8,889,000	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		657,000		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		3,731,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences betweent District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		14,336,000		-
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		18,383,274		
Total	\$	45,996,274	\$	_

\$18,383,274 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 11,512,333
2023	\$ 8,459,333
2024	\$ 5,924,334
2025	\$ 1,717,000

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

NOTE 10 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for the Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Experience Study	June 30, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.50%
Wage Growth	Varies by entry age and service
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing
	Power Protection Allowance Floor on
	Purchasing Power applies 2.50% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CalPERS' website.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	Long-Term* Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Real Rate of Return <u>Years (1-10)⁽¹⁾</u>	Expected Real Rate of Return <u>Years 11+⁽²⁾</u>
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8	6.30	7.23
Real Estate Assets	13	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1	(0.00)	(0.92)

* 10-year geometric average

(1) An expected inflation rate of 2.50% used for this period.

(2) An expected inflation rate of 3.00% used for this period.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building- block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTE 10 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and longterm market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical and forecasted information for all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short term (first 10 years) and the long term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short term and long term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long- term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.15%)</u>	R	ate (7.15%)	<u>(8.15%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability	\$ 257,661,000	\$	179,220,000	\$ 114,117,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 11 – JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

The District participates in certain joint ventures under joint powers agreements, as follows:

Northern California Regional Liability Excess Fund: The District is a member with other districts in San Joaquin County and the San Joaquin County Office of Education in Northern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (NCReLiEF) for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program. NCReLiEF is governed by a board consisting of representatives of member districts. The board controls the operations of NCReLiEF, including the selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

Condensed audited financial information for NCReLiEF for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 82,004,796
Total liabilities	\$ 51,323,041
Total net position	\$ 30,681,755
Total revenues	\$ 78,041,010
Total expenditures	\$ 63,589,183
Change in net position	\$ 14,451,827

The relationship between the District and the Joint Powers Authorities is such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Schools Association for Excess Risk:</u> The District is a member with other districts in San Joaquin County and the San Joaquin County Office of Education in Schools Association for Excess Risk (SAFER) for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program. SAFER is governed by a board consisting of representatives of member districts. The board controls the operations of SAFER, including the selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

Condensed audited financial information for SAFER for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 43,779,353
Total liabilities	\$ 41,873,705
Total net position	\$ 1,905,648
Total revenues	\$ 101,923,130
Total expenditures	\$ 101,673,081
Change in net position	\$ 250,049

The relationship between the District and the Joint Powers Authorities is such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES

The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

The District has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is management's opinion that any required reimbursements of future revenue offsets subsequently determined will not have a material effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

<u>Construction Commitments</u>: At June 30, 2021, the District had approximately \$3.2 million in outstanding commitments on construction contracts.

NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 10, 2021, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2018, Series B (2018 Series B) with a principal amount totaling \$98,000,000, plus premiums totaling \$14,484,509. Proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Series B Bonds will be used in the modernization and facility upgrades at school sites within the District. The 2018 Series B Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.20% to 4.0% and are scheduled to mature through August 1, 2045.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Buc	lget		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				(/
Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF):				
State apportionment	\$ 298,831,056	\$ 326,883,156	\$ 321,753,614	\$ (5,129,542)
Local sources	45,056,069	49,285,607	54,745,003	5,459,396
Total LCFF	343,887,125	376,168,763	376,498,617	329,854
Federal sources	32,227,143	105,219,450	86,798,042	(18,421,408)
Other state sources	65,419,748	71,148,216	84,324,142	13,175,926
Other local sources	5,815,107	14,563,288	12,219,103	(2,344,185)
Total revenues	447,349,123	567,099,717	559,839,904	(7,259,813)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Certificated salaries	199,989,281	204,543,519	207,251,619	(2,708,100)
Classified salaries	87,345,187	87,863,610	85,905,688	1,957,922
Employee benefits	157,747,394	157,871,960	154,404,149	3,467,811
Books and supplies	19,594,701	77,496,428	38,495,217	39,001,211
Contract services and operating				
expenditures	42,472,935	58,408,212	40,596,183	17,812,029
Other outgo	-		1,338,462	(1,338,462)
Capital outlay	193,304	7,925,660	5,281,414	2,644,246
Total expenditures	507,342,802	594,109,389	533,272,732	60,836,657
(Deficiency) excess of				
revenues (under) over				
expenditures	(59,993,679)	(27,009,672)	26,567,172	53,576,844
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	1,392,390	1,149,871	1,226,489	76,618
Transfers out	(500,000)	(500,000)	(814,265)	(314,265)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	892,390	649,871	412,224	(237,647)
Change in fund balance	(59,101,289)	(26,359,801)	26,979,396	53,339,197
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	137,508,470	137,508,470	137,508,470	
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 78,407,181	\$ 111,148,669	\$ 164,487,866	\$ 53,339,197

See note to required supplementary information.

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last 10 Fiscal Years								
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Change of assumptions Differerence between actual and expected experience	\$	6,189,624 4,359,219 -	\$	6,375,313 4,573,330 1,588,048	\$	6,566,572 4,776,856 8,503,065 (12,611,580)	\$	10,148,926 3,021,151 812,973
Benefit payments		(4,929,936)		(4,644,091)		(4,644,091)		(2,433,054)
Net change in total OPEB liability		5,618,907		7,892,600		2,590,822		11,549,996
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year		117,364,770		122,983,677		130,876,277		133,467,099
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$	122,983,677	\$	130,876,277	\$	133,467,099	\$	145,017,095
Covered employee payroll	\$	250,000,000	\$	282,877,000	\$	279,600,000	\$	303,796,000
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		49.20%		46.27%		47.74%		47.74%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

All years prior to 2018 are not available.

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years										
	<u>2015</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2017</u> <u>2018</u> <u>2019</u> <u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>									
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.325%	0.320%	0.327%	0.317%	0.349%	0.382%	0.354%			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 189,746,000	\$ 215,767,000	\$ 264,825,000	\$ 292,854,000	\$ 320,787,000	\$ 344,902,000	\$ 342,746,000			
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	114,578,000	114,117,000	150,775,000	173,251,000	183,666,000	188,168,000	187,308,000			
Total net pension liability	<u>\$ 304,324,000</u>	\$ 329,884,000	\$ 415,600,000	\$ 466,105,000	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 533,070,000</u>	\$ 530,054,000			
District's covered payroll	\$ 144,623,000 \$	\$ 148,755,000	\$ 163,180,000	\$ 179,689,000	\$ 187,383,000	\$ 201,146,000	\$ 190,968,000			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	131.20%	145.05%	162.29%	162.98%	171.19%	171.47%	179.48%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.52%	74.02%	70.04%	69.46%	70.99%	72.56%	71.82%			

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years													
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.503%		0.493%		0.474%		0.463%		0.511%	0.536%		0.584%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	59,175,446	\$	78,908,000	\$	96,785,000	\$	115,735,000	\$	136,278,000	\$ 156,309,000	\$	179,220,000
District's covered payroll	\$	54,130,000	\$	59,697,000	\$	59,198,000	\$	61,741,000	\$	50,961,000	\$ 77,230,000	\$	84,137,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		109.32%		132.18%		163.49%		187.45%		267.42%	202.39%		213.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.38%		79.43%		73.89%		71.87%		70.85%	70.05%		70.00%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years													
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	13,209,402	\$	17,509,201	\$	22,604,934	\$	27,039,404	\$	32,746,531	\$ 35,276,179	\$	34,065,925
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(13,209,402)		(17,509,201)	. <u> </u>	(22,604,934)		(27,039,404)		(32,746,531)	 (35,276,179)		(34,065,925)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>
District's covered payroll	\$	148,755,000	\$	163,180,000	\$	179,689,000	\$	187,383,000	\$	201,146,000	\$ 190,968,000	\$	178,356,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.88%		10.73%		12.58%		14.43%		16.28%	17.10%*		16.15%**

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

* This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 18.13 percent under AB 1469, reduced for the 1.03 percentage points to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB90.

** This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 19.10 percent under AB 1469, reduced for the 2.95 percentage points to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB90.

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years													
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,026,907	\$	7,013,119	\$	8,820,816	\$	7,914,234	\$	13,949,345	\$ 17,031,685	\$	18,383,274
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(7,026,907)		(7,013,119)		(8,820,816)		(7,914,234)		(13,949,345)	 (17,031,685)		(18,383,274)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	59,697,000	\$	59,198,000	\$	61,741,000	\$	50,961,000	\$	77,230,000	\$ 84,137,000	\$	88,808,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.77%		11.85%		14.29%		15.53%		18.06%	19.72%		20.70%

All years prior to 2015 are not available.

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule</u>: The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Education to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

<u>Schedule of Changes in the Total Liability</u>: The Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's total OPEB liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

<u>Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability</u>: The Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's Net Pension Liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

<u>Schedule of the District's Contributions</u>: The Schedule of the District's Contributions is presented to illustrate the District's required contributions relating to the pensions. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10- year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

<u>Changes of Benefit Terms</u>: There are no changes in benefit terms reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

<u>Changes of Assumptions</u>: The discount rates used for the total OPEB liability were 3.50, 2.20, and 2.16 percent at the June 30, 2019, 2020, and 2021 measurement dates, respectively.

The discount rates used for the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) was 7.50, 7.65, 7.65, 7.15, 7.15, 7.15, 7.15, 7.15 percent in the June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020 actuarial reports, respectively.

<u>Measurement Period</u>										
As of	As of	As of	As of	As of	As of					
June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,					
2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2016	<u>2015</u>					
2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	3.00%	3.00%					
7.10% 3.50%	7.10% 3.50%	7.10% 3.50%	7.10% 3.50%	7.60% 3.75%	7.60% 3.75%					
	June 30, <u>2020</u> 2.75% 7.10%	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019 2.75% 2.75% 7.10% 7.10%	As of As of As of June 30, June 30, June 30, 2020 2019 2018 2.75% 2.75% 2.75% 7.10% 7.10% 7.10%	As of As of As of As of June 30, June 30, June 30, June 30, June 30, 2020 2019 2018 2017 2.75% 2.75% 2.75% 2.75% 7.10% 7.10% 7.10% 7.10%	As of June 30,As of June 30,As of June 30,As of June 30,As of June 30,202020192018201720162.75%2.75%2.75%2.75%3.00%7.10%7.10%7.10%7.60%					

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Student Activity <u>Fund</u>	Charter School <u>Fund</u>	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Child Development <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Deferred Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Total
ASSETS Cash in County Treasury Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving fund Cash w ith Fiscal Agent Receivables Due from other funds Stores Inventory Prepaid expenditures	\$ - 842,363 - - - - -	\$ 29,562,874 - 582 - 4,801,636 799,117 - 94,998	\$ 880,689 2,000 520 - 266,442 - -	\$ (71,703) - - 2,724,904 43,017 -	\$ (336,379) 24,138 - - 6,972,511 3,071,710 336,927	\$ 770,770 - - - 6,917 -	\$ 6,003,875 - - 5,096 500,000 -	\$ 12,381,448 - - 13,209 814,990 -	\$ 35,208,773 - - 367,589 - -	\$ 2,750,307 - - 10,945,634 2,475 2,140,000 -	 \$ 87,150,654 868,501 1,102 10,945,634 15,153,862 7,375,751 336,927 94,998
Total assets	\$ 842,363	\$ 35,259,207	\$ 1,149,651	\$ 2,696,218	\$ 10,068,907	\$ 777,687	\$6,508,971	\$ 13,209,647	\$ 35,576,362	\$ 15,838,416	\$ 121,927,429
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAI Liabilities:	NCES										
Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ - - - -	\$ 2,355,585 400,562 3,518,825 6,274,972	\$ 85,373 10,239 36,047 131,659	\$ 673,206 1,513,293 41,640 2,228,139	\$ 145,333 160,000 1,344,296 1,649,629	\$ 13,671 - - 13,671	\$ 25,528 - - 25,528	\$ 11,366 835,776 3,727,190 4,574,332	\$ 1,266,329 2,140,000 3,406,329	\$ - - - -	\$ 4,576,391 2,919,870 10,807,998 18,304,259
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted	- 842,363	95,580 28,888,655	520 1,017,472	- 468,079	336,927 8,082,351	- 764,016	- 6,483,443	- 8,635,315	- 32,170,033	- 15,838,416	433,027 103,190,143
Total fund balance	842,363	28,984,235	1,017,992	468,079	8,419,278	764,016	6,483,443	8,635,315	32,170,033	15,838,416	103,623,170
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 842,363	\$35,259,207	\$1,149,651	\$2,696,218	\$ 10,068,907	\$ 777,687	\$6,508,971	\$ 13,209,647	\$ 35,576,362	\$ 15,838,416	\$ 121,927,429

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

-	Student Activity <u>Fund</u>	Charter School <u>Fund</u>	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Child Development <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Deferred Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Total
Revenues: LCFF State appointment	\$ -	\$24,354,258	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,354,258
Federal sources Other state sources	-	145,124 2,789,780	620,247 4,784,668	7,969,763 8,343,198	18,905,587 904,724	-	-	358,064	349,776	-	27,640,721 17,530,210
Other local sources	976,303	149,015	30,789		8,245	132	3,048,105	967,354	40,957,112	3,854,774	49,991,829
Total revenues	976,303	27,438,177	5,435,704	16,312,961	19,818,556	132	3,048,105	1,325,418	41,306,888	3,854,774	119,517,018
Expenditures: Current:											
Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits	- - -	10,540,293 1,248,524 6,312,810	2,180,918 539,810 1,371,128	6,149,597 3,262,633 5,410,429	- 6,402,303 4,309,520	- - -	- -	- 398,149 211,725	- - -	- -	18,870,808 11,851,419 17,615,612
Books and supplies Contract services and	1,160,181	385,625	140,910	1,101,860	8,303,622	-	-	119,695	-	-	11,211,893
operating expenditures Capital outlay	-	1,499,367 -	742,231 -	363,139 8,681	224,339 146,342	8,425 1,459,940	61,859 -	185,394 2,033,825	-	-	3,084,754 3,648,788
Other Outgo Debt Service	-	-	804,896	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	804,896
Prinicipal retirement Interest	-	- 	-			- -	1,215,000 1,373,099	- 	17,300,000 16,881,447		18,515,000 18,254,546
Total expenditures	1,160,181	19,986,619	5,779,893	16,296,339	19,386,126	1,468,365	2,649,958	2,948,788	34,181,447		103,857,716
(Deficiency) excess of revenues (under) over expenditures	(183,878)	7,451,558	(344,189)	16,622	432,430	(1,468,233)	398,147	(1,623,370)	7,125,441	3,854,774	15,659,302
Other financing (uses) sources: Transfers in Transfers out	-	(1,344)	(158,685)	(557,125)	(509,335)	-	-	814,265	(1,070,000)	1,070,000	1,884,265 (2,296,489)
Total other financing (uses) sources		(1,344)	(158,685)	(557,125)	(509,335)			814,265	(1,070,000)	1,070,000	(412,224)
Net change in fund balances	(183,878)	7,450,214	(502,874)	(540,503)	(76,905)	(1,468,233)	398,147	(809,105)	6,055,441	4,924,774	15,247,078
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		21,534,021	1,520,866	1,008,582	8,496,183	2,232,249	6,085,296	9,444,420	26,114,592	10,913,642	87,349,851
Cumulative effect of GASB 84	1,026,241										1,026,241
Fund balance, July 1, 2020 as restated	1,026,241	21,534,021	1,520,866	1,008,582	8,496,183	2,232,249	6,085,296	9,444,420	26,114,592	10,913,642	88,376,092
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 842,363	\$28,984,235	<u>\$1,017,992</u>	\$ 468,079	\$ 8,419,278	\$ 764,016	\$6,483,443	\$ 8,635,315	\$32,170,033	\$15,838,416	\$ 103,623,170

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION

Stockton Unified School District was established on July 1, 1936. The District operates 39 elementary schools, and 7 secondary schools. The District also operates 2 elementary and 3 secondary charter schools. The District maintains five specialized educational programs, including an adult school. There were no changes in District boundaries during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

Name	Office	Term Expires
Cecilia Mendez	President	2024
Ray Zulueta	Vice-President	2024
Anglann Flores	Member	2022
Zachary Ignacio Avelar	Member	2022
Scott McBrian	Member	2022
Maria Mendez	Member	2024
Alicia Rico	Member	2024

ADMINISTRATION

John Ramirez, Jr. Superintendent

Marcus Battle Chief Business Official

Nancy Lane Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

Roxanna Villasenor Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Francine Baird Assistant Superintendent, Educational Support Services

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Number	
	of Days	
Crada Laval	Traditional	Statua
Grade Level	<u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
DISTRICT		
Kindergarten	180	In compliance
Grade 1	180	In compliance
Grade 2	180	In compliance
Grade 3	180	In compliance
Grade 4	180	In compliance
Grade 5	180	In compliance
Grade 6	180	In compliance
Grade 7	180	In compliance
Grade 8	180	In compliance
Grade 9	180	In compliance
Grade 10	180	In compliance
Grade 11 Grade 12	180	In compliance
Grade 12	180	In compliance
CHARTER SCHOOLS		
Nightingale Elementary Charter School		
Kindergarten	180	In compliance
Grade 1	180	In compliance
Grade 2	180	In compliance
Grade 3	180	In compliance
Grade 4	180	In compliance
Grade 5	180	In compliance
Grade 6	180	In compliance
Grade 7	180	In compliance
Grade 8	180	In compliance
Pittman Elementary Charter School		
Kindergarten	180	In compliance
Grade 1	180	In compliance
Grade 2	180	In compliance
Grade 3	180	In compliance
Grade 4	180	In compliance
Grade 5	180	In compliance
Grade 6	180	In compliance
Grade 7	180	In compliance
Grade 8	180	In compliance

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Grade Level</u> CHARTER SCHOOLS (Continuted)	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Stockton Health Careers Academy		
Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12	180 180 180 180	In compliance In compliance In compliance In compliance
Pacific Law Academy		
Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12	180 180 180 180	In compliance In compliance In compliance In compliance
Stockton Unified Early College Academy		
Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12	180 180 180 180	In compliance In compliance In compliance In compliance

Assistance Listing <u>Number</u> <u>U.S. Departmen</u> of Education 84.027	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</u> <u>It of Education - Passed through</u> California Department Special Education Cluster: Special Eucation: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec. 611	Pass-Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u> 13379	Federal <u>Expenditures</u> \$ 8,461,150
84.027A	Special Education: IDEA Mental Health	10079	φ 0,401,100
	Services, Part B, Sec 611	15321	209,115
84.027A	Special Ed: Supporting Inclusive Practices	13693	18,701
84.173	Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Sect. 619	13430	147,557
84.173A	Special Ed: Alternate Dispute Resolution, Part B, Sec. 611	13007	11,327
84.173A	Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B	13431	1,063
	Subtotal Special Education Cluster		8,848,913
84.002	Adult Education Programs: Adult Education: Adult Basic Education and Education State Leadership (Section 231)	14508	388,387
84.002A	Adult Education: English Literacy & Civics Education		
84.002	- Local Grant	14109	46,755
64.002	Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education (Section 231)	13978	185,105
	Subtotal Adult Education Programs		620,247
84.365 84.365	Title III Programs: ESEA: Title III, Immigrant Student Program ESEA: Title III, English Learner Student Program Subtotal Title III Programs	15146 14346	63,866 936,925 1,000,791
	-		<u> </u>
84.425 84.425	COVID-19: Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Programs: COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) Fund COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	15536 15547	8,862,907 9,956,517
84.425C	COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	15517	706,033
	Subtotal COVID-19: ESF Programs		19,525,457
84.010	Title I Programs: ESEA: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income	14000	45 000 470
84.010	and Neglected ESEA: School Improvement Funding for LEAs	14329 15438	15,898,473 1,148,579
04.010	Subtotal Title I Programs	10400	17,047,052

Assistance		Pass-Through Entity	
Listing	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Identifying	Federal
Number	Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Expenditures
	t of Education - Passed through California Department		
of Education	(continued)		
84.060 84.048	Indian Education (from Federal Government) Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education:	10011	\$ 82,712
	Secondary, Section 131 (Vocational Education)	14894	473,953
84.184M	School Safety National Activities	N/A	118,439.00
84.181	Special Education: IDEA Early Intervention Grants	24314	67,389
84.126	Department of Rehabilitation: Workability II, Transition		
	Partnership	10006	370,406
84.196	ESEA: Title IX, Part A, McKinney-Vento Homeless		
	Assistance	14332	77,144
84.367	ESEA: Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective		0 405 005
04 404	Instruction Local Grants	14341	2,105,365
84.424	ESEA Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic		
	Enrichment Grants	15396	2,539,880
	Total U.S. Department of Education		52,877,748
	nt of Health and Human Services - Passed through partment of Education		
93.600	SJCOE Head Start Cluster	10016	7,767,970
93.575	COVID-19: Child Dev. Coronavirus Response and Relief		
	Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act - CCDF Cluster	15555	424,773
93.778	Medi-Cal Billing Option - Medicaid Cluster	10013	580,409
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		8,773,152
			0,770,102
<u>U.S. Departmer</u>	nt of Treasury - Passed through		
California Dep	partment of Education		
21.019	COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	25516	33,968,516
<u>U.S. Departmer</u>	nt of Agriculture - Passed through California Department		
of Education			
10.555 10.558	Child Nutrition: School Programs - Child Nutrition Cluster Child Nutrition: CACFP Claims-	13396	11,017,779
	Centers and Family Day Care	13393	7,922,946
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		18,940,725
	Total Federal Programs		\$ 114,560,141
			φ 114,000,141

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Charter School <u>Fund</u>
June 30, 2021 Unaudited Actual Financial Reporting Ending Fund Balance	\$ 25,565,141
To record corrective entries for 2020-2021 Charter School LCFF State Aid apportionment earned during the year ended June 30, 2021. *	3,419,094
June 30, 2021 Audited Financial Statements Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$28,984,235</u>
	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>
June 30, 2021 Unaudited Actual Financial Reporting Ending Fund Balance	\$ 24,163,165
To record corrective entries for entries incorrectly posted to the Cash in County Treasury account during the year ended June 30, 2021.*	8,006,868
June 30, 2021 Audited Financial Statements Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 32,170,033</u>
	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>
June 30, 2021 Unaudited Actual Financial Reporting Ending Fund Balance	\$ 11,997,787
To record the net effect of investment activity in Cash With Fiscal Agent account during the year ended June 30, 2021.*	3,840,629
June 30, 2021 Audited Financial Statements Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 15,838,416</u>

* Refer to Finding 2021-001 for a material weakness regarding internal control over financial reporting.

STOCKTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund	(Budget) <u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 730,298,840	\$ 561,066,393	<u>\$ 533,153,209</u>	<u>\$ 501,729,842</u>
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	744,918,634 500,000	533,272,732 814,265	505,675,556 2,043,838	513,887,906 1,063,297
Total outgo	745,418,634	534,086,997	507,719,394	514,951,203
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ (15,119,794</u>)	<u>\$ 26,979,396</u>	<u>\$ 25,433,815</u>	<u>\$ (13,221,361</u>)
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 149,368,072</u>	<u>\$ 164,487,866</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 112,074,655</u>
Available reserves	<u>\$ 121,984,899</u>	\$ 100,337,704	\$ 677,504	<u>\$ 10,188,712</u>
Designated for economic uncertainties	<u>\$ 121,984,899</u>	<u>\$ 100,337,704</u>	<u>\$ 677,504</u>	<u>\$ 10,188,712</u>
Undesignated fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>
Available reserves as percentages of total outgo	<u>16.36%</u>	<u>18.79%</u>	<u>0.13%</u>	<u>2.00%</u>
All Funds				
Total long-term liabilities	\$1,260,124,291	\$ 1,184,583,761	\$ 1,167,673,901	\$1,103,232,058
Average daily attendance at P-2, excluding Charter School	32,922	32,923	32,923	33,056

The fund balance of the General Fund has increased by \$39,191,850 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2021-2022 budget projects a decrease of \$15,119,794. For a district this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 2% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District has met this requirement.

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years; however, anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$81,351,703 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 133 over the past two years. The District anticipates a decrease of 1 ADA for the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

Charter Schools Chartered by District

- 1318 Nightingale Charter School
 1197 Pittman Charter School
 1283 Health Careers Academy
 1316 Pacific Law Academy
 1083 Stockton Early College Academy
 1048 Aspire Langston Hughes Academy
 1552 Aspire APEX Academy
 1553 Aspire Port City Academy
 0554 Aspire Rosa Parks Academy
 2063- Aspire Stockton TK-5
 2064 Aspire Stockton 6-12
 2077 Voices-College Bound Language Academy at Stockton
- 1027 Dr. Lewis Dolphin Stallworth Sr. Charter Schools
- 1142 Stockton Collegiate Int Elem
- 1143 Stockton Collegiate Int Secondary
- 2109 KIPP Stockton K-12
- 1890 TEAM Charter Academy

Included in District Financial Statements, or <u>Separate Report</u>

Included in District Financial Statements Included in District Financial Statements

> Separate Report Separate Report

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

<u>Schedule of Instructional Time</u>; The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District, and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

<u>Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards</u>: The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of Stockton Unified School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

<u>Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements</u>: This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

<u>Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis – Unaudited</u>: This schedule provides information on the District's financial condition over the past three years and its anticipated condition for the 2020-21 fiscal year, as required by the State Controller's Office.

<u>Schedule of Charter Schools</u>: This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

NOTE 2 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Education Code Section 14502 requires certain disclosure in the financial statements of districts which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District did not adopt this program.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Education Stockton Unified School District Stockton, California

Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We have audited Stockton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of California 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") applicable to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Description	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Independent Study – Course Based	No, see below
Attendance, for charter schools	Yes
Mode of Instruction, for charter schools	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study,	
for charter schools	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction, for charter schools	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Yes

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to this program.

The District did not offer an Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to this program.

The District did not operate as a District of Choice; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to this program.

The District did not operate an Independent Study-Course Based Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to this program.

The District did not offer Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools, or Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction for Charter Schools Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to these programs in the current year.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations, as listed above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Stockton Unified School District's compliance with state laws and regulations as listed above based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State of California's 2020-21 *Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* (Audit Guide). Those standards and the Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on Stockton Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations listed below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Stockton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our qualified opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Stockton Unified School District's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

As described in Findings 2021-002 and 2021-003 in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs, Stockton Unified School District did not comply with the requirements regarding Classroom Teacher Salaries and School Accountability Report Card. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Stockton Unified School District to comply with the requirements applicable to the state laws and regulations referred to above.

Qualified Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, Stockton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other Matter

Stockton Unified School District's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. Stockton Unified School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State of California's 2020-21 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California April 15, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Stockton Unified School District Stockton, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stockton Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Stockton Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Stockton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Stockton Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Stockton Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify one deficiency in internal control, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Stockton Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Stockton Unified School District's Response to Finding

Stockton Unified School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. Stockton Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California April 15, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Stockton Unified School District Stockton, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Stockton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Stockton Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Stockton Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Stockton Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Stockton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Stockton Unified School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Stockton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Stockton Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Stockton Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Stockton Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California April 15, 2022

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be	<u>X</u> Yes No	
material weakness(es)?	Yes X None reporte	эd
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes X_No	
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes <u>X</u> No Yes <u>X</u> None reporte	ed
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes X_No	
Identification of major programs:		
<u>AL Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
21.019	COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	
84.425, 84.425C	COVID-19: ESF Programs	
10.558	Child Nutrition: CACFP Claims Centers and Family Day Care	
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.173A	Special Education Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$3,000,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes XNo	
STATE AWARDS		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Qualified	

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2021-001 MATERIAL WEAKNESS - INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (30000)

<u>Criteria</u>: Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements, as well as the design, implementation, and maintenance of relevant internal control to ensure their financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

<u>Condition</u>: The following areas were noted as deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting which collectively were determined to be a material weakness:

- A material adjusting journal entry was necessary to report total state aid revenue from Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) for the District's Charter School fund. Management did not post entries to reflect recent activity in the account as part of their year-end close process. Management identified and provided the necessary entries after inquiries made through the audit process.
- Material adjusting journal entries were necessary to correctly report the balance of Cash in County Treasury in District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund (Fund 51) as of June 30, 2021. Journal entries posted in error by the District resulted in District records not agreeing to the reconciled balances maintained by the San Joaquin County Treasurer and San Joaquin County Office of Education. Management identified and provided the necessary entries after inquiries made through the audit process.
- A material adjusting journal entry was necessary to correctly report the balance of Cash with Fiscal Agent in District's the Debt Service Fund (Fund 56) as of June 30, 2021. Management did not post entries to reflect recent activity in the account as part of their year-end close process. Management identified and provided the necessary entries after inquiries made through the audit process.

<u>Effect</u>: Adjusting entries were necessary to report the financial position of the District in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), and in compliance with the California School Accounting Manual (CSAM).

<u>Cause</u>: The District did not establish and follow adequate internal control procedures to ensure debt transactions were recorded in the proper governmental fund of the District. Further, the District's financial closing process was not completed in a timely and effective basis to ensure that all cash related transactions were properly reflected in the books of the District, and in the correct fiscal period.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the District's management team implement necessary internal controls to ensure the accuracy of financial reporting. As part of a monthly and/or annual financial close, the District's management team should ensure that all general ledger accounts, for all District funds, are reconciled and adjusted as necessary to ensure accurate financial reporting for the year.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action</u>: Management concurs with findings. During the end of fiscal year 20-21, business services was impacted by staff changes and resignations. As part of our monthly procedures, staff will review and reconcile general ledger accounts for all district funds. The district will assign specific general ledger staff to reconcile, review, and adjust these funds as necessary to ensure there is accurate financial reporting.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2021-002 - DEFICIENCY - CLASSROOM TEACHER SALARIES (61000)

<u>Criteria</u>: The District's expenditures related to classroom teacher salaries during the audit year, are required to meet or exceed 55% of the total current expense of education in the District's General Fund, as required by Education Code section 41372.

<u>Condition</u>: The District's total current expense of education in the General Fund for the audit year was calculated to be \$491,776,137, and classroom teacher salaries totaled \$251,756,811. The ratio of classroom teacher salaries to the current expense of education is calculated as 51.19%, which is deficient by 3.81%, or \$18,736,671 from the requirement of 55%.

<u>Effect</u>: The District did not comply with Classroom Teacher Salaries requirements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

<u>Cause</u>: The District did not establish adequate internal controls to ensure that total expenditures for classroom teacher salaries exceeded the minimum required percentage.

<u>Recommendation and Identification as Repeat Finding</u>: This is a repeat finding of Findings 2020-001 and 2019-002 identified during the audits of the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The District's management should implement necessary internal controls to ensure that classroom teacher salaries exceed the minimum required percentage, of the current expense of education in the General Fund.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action</u>: Management concurs with the finding and continues to will work to implement necessary internal controls to ensure that classroom teacher salaries exceed the minimum required percentage in future reporting periods.

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2021-003 - DEFICIENCY - SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (61000)

<u>Criteria</u>: Education Code Section 33126(b)(8) states that the school accountability report card shall include, but is not limited to, assessment of the following school conditions: (8) Safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities, including any needed maintenance to ensure good repair as specified in Section 17014, Section 17032.5, subdivision (a) of Section 17070.75, and subdivision (b) of Section 17089.

<u>Condition</u>: At one district site sampled for testing, teacher assignments and/or vacancy attributes as identified on the site's school accountability report card were not consistent with the supporting documentation provided by management.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with Education Code 33126(b)(8) due to the inconsistency noted.

<u>Cause</u>: The errors were the result of clerical errors in the preparation of the school accountability report card.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District should ensure that all sites' school accountability report cards are completed appropriately and agree to the supporting information for each relevant reporting area required by Ed Code 33126(b)(8).

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u>: The District concurs with the auditor's recommendation and will work to ensure that the school accountability report cards are completed appropriately for future fiscal periods.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2020-001

Condition: The District's total current expense of education in the General Fund for the audit year was calculated to be \$461,313,533, and classroom teacher salaries totaled \$247,242,086. The ratio of classroom teacher salaries to the current expense of education is calculated as 53.60%, which is deficient by 1.40% from the requirement of 55%.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District's management should implement necessary internal controls to ensure that classroom teacher salaries exceed the minimum required percentage, of the current expense of education in the General Fund.

Current Status: Not implemented, see current year Finding 2021-002.

District Explanation if Not Implemented: The District's total current expense of education in the General Fund was again deficient when compared against the required ratio of 55%.